Bombay Gazette
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS,
No. 2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

Newspaper, Book, Job and Fancy Printing of every description executed in the best style. Estimates forwarded on application.

THE
Bombay Gazette

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

NESTLÉ'S CONDENSED MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

No 54,906.—NEW SERIES] BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1909. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 2-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
18th Dec.	EGYPT	7912	......	...
25th „	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA ...	9505
1910				
1st Jany.	HIMALAYA	6898	......	...
8th „	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA ...	10509
15th „	ARABIA	7903	......	...
22nd „	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
29th „	DELHI	8090	......	...
5th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621
12th „	INDIA	7911	......	...
19th „	MANTUA	10885	......	...
26th „	CALEDONIA	7558	......	...
5th March.	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
12th „	PERSIA	7951	......	...
19th „	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
* 23rd „	ARCADIA	6603	......	...
26th „	EGYPT	7912	......	...
2nd April.	MACEDONIA	10512	......	...
9th „	ARABIA	7903	......	...
16th „	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA ...	9505
23rd „	MANTUA	10885	......	...
30th „	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA......	10509
7th May.	CALEDONIA	7558	......	...
14th „	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA......	10890
21st „	PERSIA	7951	......	...

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a.m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of selling. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12-30 and 1 P. M., for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER
At Special Rates.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 P.M., on WEDNESDAY, 23rd MARCH 1910, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE	RETURN
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by sea	Rs. 528,, Rs. 627	Rs. 792 ,, Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to
W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co

THE ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS.

(CITY AND HALL LINES)

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY AND KARACHI FOR MARSEILLES, LIVERPOOL, &c.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay, 1909.	Leave Karachi, 1909.
* C City of Glasgow ...	6457	...	Dec. 21
			1910
B City of Madras......	4684	Dec. 29	Jan. 8
		1910	
* C City of Manchester	5554	Jan. 17	Jan. 29
* C City of Athens ...	5600	...	Feb. 18
A Trafford Hall	5321	Mar. 2	...
† C City of York ...	7705	„ 22	Mar. 19
A City of Vienna	4672	April 6	...
C City of Glasgow	6457	...	April 15
B City of Madras ...	4684	Apr. 11	„ 21
† C City of Calcutta	7512	„ 25	„ 22
B Walton Hall........	4932	„ 25	May 5
C City of Manchester..	5554	...	„ 7
A Trafford Hall	5321	May 24	...
C City of Karachi	5557	...	„ 31
C City of Benares ...	6733	...	June 15

A. First class passenger steamer carrying both Surgeon and Stewardess.

B. Steamer carrying neither Surgeon nor Stewardess accommodation for 2-12 passengers.

C. Steamer with both 1st and 2nd class accommodation and carrying both Surgeon and Stewardess.

* Sailing from Karachi for Genoa and Liverpool via Port Said.

† Sailing from Karachi and calling at Bombay for passengers only.

No Extra Charge Express Service or 2 Berthed Cabins.

OUTWARD AUTUMN SAILING, 1910.

In conjunction with the above Homeward 1910 sailings for those desirous of returning in 6, 8 and 9 months.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave L'pool.	Due Bombay
a C City of York	7705	22nd Aug. 1910	13th Sept 1910.
* C City of Glasgow ...	6457	17th Sept. „	10th Oct. „
a C City of Calcutta ...	7512	22nd „ „	15th „ „

* Via Marseilles or Naples.
a „ Naples.

JOINT SERVICE.

IN CONNECTION WITH NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN TO MARSEILLES, NAPLES, GENOA, ANTWERP, HAMBURG AND BREMEN.

By Steamer of CITY and HALL LINES from Bombay, Karachi, Calcutta, Madras and Colombo to Suez or Port Said, thence by NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD Steamer from Alexandria to Naples and Marseilles, or by Norddeutscher Lloyd from Port Said to Naples, Genoa, Antwerp, Hamburg and Bremen.

The cost of the Railway Journey from Suez to Port Said or from Suez to Alexandria, as well as maintenance in Egypt until arrival of Norddeutscher Lloyd Steamer, are not included in Fares.

THROUGH RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY FROM KARACHI, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS AND COLOMBO.

All Rates are subject to Surtax of 10 per cent.		First Class	Second Class.
		Rs.	Rs.
From Karachi, Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and Colombo .... To Naples	Single ...	525	390
	Return...	850	590
From Karachi, Bombay, Calcutta Madras and Colombo .... To Marseilles or Genoa......	Single ...	525	390
	Return...	850	590
From Karachi, Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and Colombo .... To Antwerp, Hamburg and Bremerhaven	Single ...	550	420
	Return...	885	640

For passage and further particulars apply to the Agents.

Bombay.—Messrs. Ed. Bates and Son's Agency.
KILLICK, NIXON & CO., AGENTS.
Karachi—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock No. 14 Shed.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route via.
DUMRA	1,695	Thur. 16th Dec.	9 a. m.	C Mandvi
LHASA	2,171	Fri. 17th Dec.	6 a. m.	Direct †
LINGA	2,171	Mon. 20th Dec.	11 a. m.	P.D. & C.M.

† Or later on arrival of English mail steamer.
* Porebunder Dwarka, and C. Mandvie.

FOR C. MANDVIE, KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on Thursday, 16th Dec. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "MADURA," 1,916 tons, on Monday 20th Dec. calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "ISMAILA," 5,265 tons, sailing on or about the 18th Dec.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

15th December, 1909.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	23rd Dec. 1909
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	Riquier	30th Jan., 1910
CALEDONIEN	4,130	X.	17th Feb. „
DUMBEA	5,685	Rebufat	17th Mar. „
ARMAND BEHIC	[illegible]	Guiannet	14th Apr. „
[illegible]			[illegible] „
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	[illegible] „
NERA	5,538	Martin	9th June „

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
DUMBEA	5,685	Rebufat.	31st Dec, 1909.
ARMAND-BEHIC.	6,385	Guionnet	28th Jan. 1910.

For further particulars apply to—
G. CHANDIZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA:	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON:	GRINDLAY & Co.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

DIRECT LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain	To sail on
AFRICA	4,719	G. Raicich	1st Jan. 1910
BOHEMIA	4281	G. Gillhuber	16th „ „

ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail about.
CHINA	6,000	G. Bargaglian	29th Dec. 1909.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Navigazione Generale Italiana from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKNOG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer	Captain	Tons	To sail about
VORWAERTS	B. Bednara	6000	25th Dec. 1909.

PASSENGER SEASON 1910.

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

SINGLE CLASS ACCOMMODATION ONLY.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on.
KOERBER	5423	A. Foresti	1st February.
BREGENZ	4000	A. de Petries	16th „
AFRICA	4720	E. Seberich	1st March
BOHEMIA	4282	G. Gillhuber	16th „
KOERBER	5423	A. Foresti	1st April
BREGENZ	4000	A. de Petris	16th „
AFRICA	4720	E. Seberich	1st May
BOHEMIA	4282	G. Gillhuber	16th „
KOERBER	5423	A. Foresti	1st June

ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail about.
E. F. FERDINAND.	6015	B. Nitsche	29th January
PERSIA	5835	P. Giurgevich	26th February
VORWAERTS	6000	B. Bednara	29th March
NIPPON	6350	E. Tarabocchia	28th April
AUSTRIA	7588	B. Cobol	29th May

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES.

ACCELERATED LINE.

Single Class to Trieste or Venice	Rs. 450 and 500 *
Single Class to Trieste or Venice and back	„ 675 to 750 *
Single Class to London	„ 545 „ 635 *
Single Class to London and back	„ 865 „ 1020 *
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice	„ 350
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice and back	„ 525
Intermediate Class to London	„ 445
Intermediate Class to London and back	„ 715

* Fares according to position of cabin and class of Railway.

ORDINARY LINE.

Single Class to Trieste or Venice	Rs. 450
Single Class to Trieste or Venice and back	„ 675
Single Class to London	„ 545 to 585 *
Single Class to London and back	„ 865 to 945 *

* Fares according to class of Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS.

ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

For further information regarding passages apply to
W. DENSO,
Agent Austrian Lloyd S. N. Co. Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

Steamer.	N.R.	Month.	Port.
"Haigh Hall"	3069	Nov.-Dec.	Philadelphia.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

COUTTS & CO.,

ARMY SHIPPING AND PASSENGER AGENTS,
Post Box 249, HORNBY ROW,
BOMBAY.

TROOPING SEASON, 1909-10.

BAGGAGE received and shipped.

PASSENGERS on Transports met and every assistance rendered.

SURPLUS heavy baggage shipped cheaply as cargo or warehoused.

SOUTHAMPTON AGENTS:

PICKFORDS LD., Military Baggage Agents.
DAWSON BROS., Lloyds Agents

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital......	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors......	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund......	$ 15,250,000
Gold Reserve Fund......	£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	HONGKONG	RANGOON
BANGKOK	KOBE	SAIGON
BATAVIA	LONDON	SAN FRANCISCO
BOMBAY	LYONS	SHANGHAI
CALCUTTA	MALACCA.	SINGAPORE
CANTON	MANILA	SOURABAYA
COLOMBO	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
FOOCHOW	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HAMBURG	PEKING	YLOILO
HANKOW	PENANG	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
MOTILAL'S MANSIONS, Hummum St., BOMBAY.
BRANCHES:
MUMBADEVI,
AHMEDABAD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS will be opened from the 1st of September, 1909, and interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI
Managing Director.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP ......Yen	24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ...... „	15,900,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Liaoyang	Ryojun Port Arthur
Changchung	Lyons	Peking
Dairen (Dalny)	Fengtien Mukden	San Francisco
Hankow	Nagasaki	Shanghai
Honolulu	Newchwang	Tiehling
Hongkong	New York	Tientsin
Kobe	Osaka	Tokyo
London		

LONDON BANKERS:—

The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank; Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld., The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH:—

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.

FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA.
Manager,

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road Fort, Bombay.

THE
BEST PIANOS
FOR INDIA
FOR SALE, FOR HIRE

On terms to suit purchasers or easy monthly payments for one or two years.

BROADWOOD.	RICHD. LIPP.
BLUTHNER.	STEINWEG-NACHF.
SCHIEDMAYER.	PAULWERNER.

MARCKS & CO.

PLEASE NOTE.—We have also an exceptional stock of second-hand Pianos, due the fact that we do a large business in hiring instruments to clients who go to Poona or come to Bombay for the seasons. In many instances such pianos are little used and come back after a few months or weeks, having been treated with all reasonable care, and are therefore equal to new both in appearance and tone. We have a collection of Grands and Uprights by the Best Builders of Pianos for India, which we offer at substantial reductions upon the original prices. Early buyers will, of course, have the best choice of these.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

INSURANCES.

CENTENARY 1809-1909.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.
ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES:
EDINBURGH: 64, Prince's Street.
LONDON: 61 Threadneedle Street.

Total Funds Exceed £18,322,000
Total Revenue for 1907 Exceeded £ 4,000,000

The sum of over ONE MILLION STERLING was divided among Participating Life Policy-holders in 1905, yielding a BONUS at the Rate of £1-8-0 per cent per annum not only on the original sums assured but also on all subsisting Bonuses.

POLICIES in some cases have been MORE THAN DOUBLED in amount by the addition of BONUSES.

NEW SCHEME.

Double Endowment Assurance in India at English Rates. Full particulars on application.

For latest PROSPECTUS and Proposal Forms apply to
Messrs. KING KING & Co.,
Secretaries,
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.,
KING'S BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

THE ORIENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1874.

FUNDS OVER RS. 3,50,00,000.
INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

LOW PREMIUMS.
GENEROUS CONDITIONS.
PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.
ECONOMICAL MANAGEMENT.

For Prospectus, containing all particulars, apply to
R. PATERSON BROWN,
MANAGER, BOMBAY.

THE DEMAND FOR
"STANDARD" POLICIES.

EVERY YEAR, since 1865, the NEW BUSINESS has exceeded £1,000,000 Sums Assured PER ANNUM, a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE.

CLAIMS PAID	£26,800,000
ACCUMULATED FUNDS	£12,250,000
ANNUAL REVENUE	£ 1,500,000

NEW SCHEMES.

DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS.—At Home Rates giving a Bonus of 100 per cent. on survival.

CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS.—Payable at any age from 14 to 21 with return of all premiums in event of death.

For full information apply to
F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary,
Bombay Branch.

BINNY & Co., Ld.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

NOTICE

MRS. JAMES LEASK (formerly of Bombay, having REMOVED from Edinburgh to "Elmswood," 52, Crystal Palace Park Road Sydenham, London, S. E., will be glad to TAKE ENTIRE CHARGE of and Superintend the Education of CHILDREN whose parents are in India and abroad For Particulars apply Bombay Gazette Office

INSURANCES.

REDUCED RATES.
GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.

RESULTS FOR 1908.

New Policies issued (net) ...5,890 for	£.	1,819,377
New Premiums (1908) ...	„	81,349
Annual Income ...	„	1,406,762
Assets ...	„	10,038,723

CALL FOR 1908 PROSPECTUS.

WORLD WIDE POLICIES.
Indian Lives at European Rates.
Assurances with or without Medical Examination,
Old Age Pensions, Children's Endowments, &c., &c.
Apply—
CROFT MODY & Co.,
CHIEF AGENTS FOR India, Burma and Ceylon,
BOMBAY.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

O THE CHEAPEST Old
T PEG McTaggart
WHISKY.
B Rs. 29 per Doz. Blend

ONLY ONE TRIAL WILL SATISFY,

SOLE AGENTS:
CROFT, MODY & CO.,
BOMBAY.
RETAIL SUPPLIERS:
Messrs. BRANDON & Co.
VICTORIA TERMINUS.
AND
Messrs. DENISON & Co.
HUMMUM ST. BOMBAY.

"HOT WEATHER SUITINGS."

Best china silk suit, from Rs. 20, 22 8 and 25.
Mercerised Tussore „ „ Rs. 11-8, 12-8 and 15.
F. Holland „ „ Rs. 11 and 12.
Best white English drill suit, from Rs. 6.
„ „ „ Trouser, Rs. 2-8.
„ „ Ram Ram Twill shirts, Rs. 8 for ½ dozen.
„ „ Striped Pajama suits, from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 3.

Patterns self-measurement.
A trial is solicited.

THE NEW BOMBAY TAILORING CO.,
115, Hornby Road,
Opposite York Building, FORT

BOOKS FOR SALE.

ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY,
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary, Rs. 5.

LAYS OF THE LAW.
(A Selection of Leading Cases.)
By W. B. H. Re. 1.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc. on Questions regarding Giras, Wants, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6

"Apply The BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

THE ITALIAN STORES,
C. COLONNELLO SON & CO.,
105, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

Largest Importers of CHEESE, MACCARONI, PURE OLIVE OIL, DRY NUTS, NAPLES FIGS, MUSCATEL RAISINS, and CHESTNUTS, from the best Houses.

ALL NEW & FRESH LOT JUST
to hand Oilmanstores and Provisions.

VISIT OUR STORES EARLY,
REGISTER ORDER FOR XMAS.

'XMAS, 1909.

Orders for
CAKES,
'XMAS BOXES,
etc.,
NOW REGISTERED AT
MONGINI BROTHERS,
25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

SEND FOR 'XMAS LIST, NOW READY.

EMPIRE OF INDIA Life Assurance Company, Limited.

Head Office: BOMBAY.

Last year's business—Rs. 60,00,000.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF THE Empire of India Life Office WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

Before entering into a Contract for Life Assurance examine the ANNUAL REPORT AND BALANCE SHEET To satisfy yourself of the position of the Company.

THE PREMIUMS

are so moderate that, at the usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured from the first for a yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to an immediate and certain Bonus of 20 or 25 per cent.

Prospectus, Proposal forms and full particulars may be obtained from
E. F. ALLUM, *General Manager.*

Standard Oil Company of New York,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

Largest Importers of and Dealers in:—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine.
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

Kerosine Oil Brands:—

Snowflake 150° in cases.
Chester 125° „ „
Monkey 125° „ „
Elephant in tins and bulk.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

CHEAP FIRST and SECOND CLASS RETURN TICKETS will be issued over the B.B. and C.I. Railway Company's System at REDUCED RATES for Christmas Holidays.

Return Tickets at REDUCED FARES will also be issued for horses from Bombay to any Station, distant over 50 miles on the Broad-gauge section.

For particulars see Notices exhibited at Stations.

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

General Traffic Manager's Office,
Bombay, 1st November, 1909.

NOTICE.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA LTD. desire to inform their Constituents and the public generally that the Mercantile Bank of London Ltd. who have established an AGENCY at 73, Horsby Road, Bombay, have no connection whatsoever with the Mercantile Bank of India Ltd. whose Head Office is at 40, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.

Dated 25th November, 1909.

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE.

THE INSTITUTE will REOPEN and NEW CLASS will be formed on SATURDAY, the 15th January, 1910.

The courses of instruction are (1) Mechanical Engineering, (2) Electrical Engineering, (3) Textile Manufacture, (4) Technical Chemistry, and (5) Sheet Metal Working and Enamelling. Full Technological Certificates, Scholarships, Prizes, Gold Medal and Licentiate Diplomas are awarded on the results of the Annual Examinations. Candidates for admission must apply in writing to the Principal, on or before the 3rd January 1910, stating the course of instruction they desire to take. No candidate will be allowed to take more than one course at a time. All applicants will be examined on the 6th and 7th January 1910 at the Institute and only those who stand highest in the list of successful candidates to the number of available vacancies, will be admitted. The examination will commence each day at 10 A. M. (S. T.) and will be conducted in English. The following are the subjects of the examination :—

(a) English Composition .....A short essay.
(b) Drawing ..... Copying from the blackboard.
(c) Arithmetic..... .....As at Matriculation.
(d) Algebra ..... Do. Do.
(e) Natural Science ... .Mechanics & Chemistry as at Matriculation.

The following are the approximate numbers of available vacancies:—

(1) Mechanical Engineering .....80.
(2) Electrical Engineering .....40.
(3) Textile Manufacture ....40.
(4) Technical Chemistry..... ....20.
(5) Sheet-Metal Working and Enamelling.....20.

Further particulars can be obtained from the Principal.

D. E. WACHA,
Honorary Secretary.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 55 OF 1909.

THE INDIAN SPECIE BANK, LIMITED..... .....Plaintiffs

vs.

(1) GOOLAM HOOSEIN ESSAJI;
(2) ESSAJI TAJBHOY and
(3) the firm of Messrs. ESSAJI ALI-BHOY and Company..... .....Defendants.

PURSUANT to the DECREE absolute made in the above suit and bearing date the 20th day of September 1909, the following immoveable property will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION by the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court at his office in the court house on MONDAY the 10th day of January, 1910, at the hour of half past three o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

All the right, title and interest of the plaintiffs and defendants in all that piece or parcel of Foras vacant land or ground, together with messuages, dwelling-houses, outhouses thereon, if any situate at Chinchpogly on the West side of De Lisle Road in the Registration Sub-District and in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement (as appears from the title deeds) 11129 Square Yards, or thereabouts, (and as appears in Bills of the Collector of Land Revenue 11023 Square Yards) and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old Nos. 201—202, Collector's New No. 13727, Old Survey No. New Survey No. 3423, and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Assessment under E. Ward Nos. 7264 to 7271 and Street Nos. 150 to 174 and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by the said De Lisle Road and on or towards the West by the vacant ground of Narayen Balaji and on or towards the North partly by the vacant ground of Michael De Lima and De Souza and on or towards the South by the Government land.

For further particulars and condition of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Daphtary Ferreira and Divan, Attorneys for the plaintiffs abovenamed, at No. 109 Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 9th day of November, 1909.

A. M. KAJIJI,
Ag. Commissioner.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance may be payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

THE NEW "REVLUC PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the same of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and second-hand English-built CARRIAGES FOR SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES, 1st on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HORSES [illegible]

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum or Rs. 30 per cash in advance, including delivery.

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT, at the Y. M. C. A.
LANTERN LECTURE
ON
"TEMPLE AND OTHER INDIAN ARCHITECTURE"
BY
MR. S. V. BHANDARKAR, B.A., LL.B.

ADMISSION, As. 4.

BOMBAY Y. M. C. A.

POPULAR CONCERT
SATURDAY NEXT,
(Dec. 18th, 9-15 p. m.)

ADMISSION, EIGHT ANNAS.

THE
EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT.
GRAND STAR ATTRACTION,
"THE ITALIAN CAVALRY"

A fine series of pictures giving a true and graphic idea of how the Italian Officers train their wonderful horses. These have won the jumping prizes at almost every international show.

3 SHOWS NIGHTLY 3,
7 to 8. 8-30 to 9-30. 10 to 11 P. M.

Saturday, Special late show, 11-15 to 12-15 p. m.

NOTE OUR NEW LOCATION.
Next to Municipal Buildings, Bori Bunder.

SKATING RINK.

PRACTICE SESSION, 8 to 9 A.M.
Admission and Skates, 8 annas.

GENERAL SKATING, 6 to 8 P. M.
Admission and Skates, One Rupee.

GENERAL SKATING, 9-30 to 11-30 P.M.
BAND in attendance.
Admission, One Rupee.
Skates, One Rupee.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£1,575,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£1,200 000

HEAD OFFICE:
2, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN, LONDON, E. C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Hongkong
Bombay	Singapore	Foochow
Karachi	Klang (F. M. States.)	Saigon
Calcutta	Kwala Lumpor (Do.)	Shanghai
Madras	Bangkok	Tientsin
Rangoon	Batavia	Hankow
Colombo	Sourabaya	Yokohama
Penang	Manilla	Kobe
Thaiping (Perak)	Cebu (Philippines)	New York
Ipoh (Perak).		

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

J. GREIG,
Agent.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 750,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cawnpore	Newera-Eliya.
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Chittagong,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy,	Entebbe.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. J. BLACK,
BOMBAY. Ag. Manager,

THE BANK OF BURMA, LD.

Subscribed Capital..... Rs. 20,00,000
Paid up Capital ..... „ 17,55,000
Reserve Fund..... „ 1,80,000

LONDON BANKERS—PARR'S BANK, Ld., and WILLIAM DEACON & Co., Ld.

Agents and Correspondents throughout India,

HEAD OFFICE—RANGOON.

BRANCHES—CALCUTTA, MADRAS and BOMBAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS may be opened with Rs. 150 and upwards and interest at 2½ per cent. per annum will be allowed upon daily balances upto Rs. 10,000 provided a minimum daily balance of Rs. 100 be maintained.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received as follows:—For 1 year at 3 per cent. For 6 and 9 months at 2½ per cent. per annum. Special rates for Shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT FUND.—Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received in this account and interest allowed thereon at 2½ per cent. per annum subject to the Rules of the Fund which may be obtained on application. Cheques on any Town in India, and Currency Notes of any circle received free of Charge in Fixed and Savings Bank Deposit Accounts.

Purchase and Sale of Stock effected and every description of banking business transacted,

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

Standard Buildings, Bombay, Sept, 1909.

"SPECIAL SHORT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

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BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

DO YOU WANT A FLAT, BUNGALOW OR OFFICE? We can suit you at once. Ours is a reliable European Agency.—LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., 109, Hornby Road, Bombay.

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ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET (behind the Bank of Bombay), where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

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MOTOR CARS for SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 18th instant:—13 Second-hand Motor Cars will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION. Hotchkiss, Humbers, Calthorpe, De Dion, Clement, Bayard, Darracq, Orleans and Richard Brazier. For full particulars see Messrs. BENNETT and CO.'S advertisements.

MR. N. P. KHARAS writes:—Singers Sewing Machines are proved satisfactory in all respects They are so strong that they can hardly go out to order, and as far as the mechanical excellence is concerned they are best in the World,

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OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete reshuffle of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available, 6 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Mooe Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand new Billiard Tables, Dinner Re. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Break fast As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

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REPORTS, Petitions, Memorial, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

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TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey." Bombay to the Bosphorus Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs. 10, Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

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YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., LD., AGENTS for the world-known "Blüthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

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HUGHES TOWN ROAD,
(Near the Station),
SECUNDERABAD.

THIS INSTITUTION receives the Aged and Infirm Poor of both sexes, irrespective of Class, Caste, or Creed.

The Sisters Feed, Nurse, and Clothe their Poor and attend to all their wants.

The Home is supported entirely by Voluntary Contributions.

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BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.

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A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

This is the age of research and experiment, when all nature, so to speak, is ransacked by the scientific for the comfort and happiness of man. Science has indeed made giant strides during the past century, and among the—by no means least important—discoveries in medicine comes that of

THERAPION.

Unquestionably the most reliable Patent Medicine ever introduced, it has been used in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, Maisonneuve, the well-known Chassaignac, and indeed by all who are regarded as authorities in such matters, including the celebrated Lallemand and Roux, by whom it was some time since uniformly adopted, and that it is worthy the attention of those who require such a remedy there is no doubt. From the time of Aristotle downwards, a potent agent in the removal of these diseases has (like the famed philosopher's stone) been the object of search of some hopeful, generous minds; and far beyond the mere power—if such could ever have been discovered—of transmuting the baser metals into gold is surely the discovery of a remedy so potent as to replenish the failing energies of the confirmed *roué* in the one case, and in the other so effectually, speedily and safely to expel from the system without the aid, or even the knowledge of, a second party, the poisons of acquired or inherited disease in all their protean forms as to leave no taint or trace behind. Such is

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY
THERAPION

which may certainly rank with, if not take precedence of, many of the discoveries of our day, about which no little ostentation and noise have been made, and the ever-increasing demand for this medicine wherever introduced appears to prove that it is destined to cast into oblivion all those questionable remedies that were formerly the sole reliance of medical men. Obtainable from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Road, Hampstead, London, and principal Chemists.

Therapion is now also obtainable in DRAGÉE (TASTELESS FORM).

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Beg to inform the Public that they have the following SECOND-HAND CARS FOR SALE :—

		Rs.
DARRACQ.—12 H.P., 5 seats	... ...	3,000
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All above Cars complete with hood, lamps, etc.

WANTED Two Small Run-about Cars.

They will also undertake REPAIRS to any type of Cars, and have fitted up a workshop with the best modern Machinery for that purpose.

Training of men as chauffeurs a speciality.

CARS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

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(Opposite Lipton's).

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BANKERS AND AGENTS.
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SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE :
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S.W.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.
Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.
HEAD OFFICE :
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... „ 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND..... „ 1,75,000

DIRECTORS :

SIR SASSOON DAVID, Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
RATANJEE JAMSETJEE TATA, Esq.
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq (Messrs. Khatta Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Esq., (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)
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The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Re. 2 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertake on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application

H P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

Established over a Century.

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MANUFACTURERS OF
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REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES: BUILD-UP YOUR HEALTH with WILKINSON'S

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.

RESTORES THE WEAK, REVIVES THE DEPRESSED

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.

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AGENTS :—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co., Limited; KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

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PEARSE & CO.,

BAKERS, CONFECTIONERS, CATERERS.

By Appointment to H. E. The GOVERNOR.

ESTABLISHED 1872.

A SPECIALITY :

Xmas & New Year's Cakes.

A SPECIALITY

Prepared from the best Ingredients only.

PLAN—
DECORATED—ALMOND ICED.

ORDERS REGISTERED.

XMAS NOVELTIES

IN GREAT AND PLEASANT VARIETIES.

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SOLE AGENTS FOR SHANKS & CO.

LARGE STOCKS: CLOSETS, BASINS, SINKS, URINALS, FLUSHING TANKS, ETC.



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FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

Daily for 1 week.—Six insertions. Re. 1 per inch of 8 lines, per insertion.

Thrice a week.—Three insertions. Rs. 1-8 per inch of 8 lines, per insertion.

Twice a week.—Two insertions. Rs. 1-12 per inch of 8 lines, per insertion.

Once only.—Rs. 2 per inch of 8 lines.

WANTED.

AN EXPERIENCED AND CAPABLE MANAGER for a well-going FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. Apply with Testimonials and state salary required. Box No. 2777, care of this paper.

WANTED.

AN EXPERIENCED AND CAPABLE MANAGER for a well-going LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. Apply with Testimonials and state salary required. Box No. 2778, care of this paper.

A GENUINE BARGAIN.

FOR SALE, luxurious 5 seated 32 H.P ORLEANS MOTOR CAR, in excellent order. Cost Rs. 10,000 will accept a reasonable offer. Apply HILL SAWYER & Co, Medows Street, or Box No. 2693, care of this Paper.

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BENNETT & COMPANY.
No. 28, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable Landed Properties at Piroo Lane and Imamwada Road.

Under instructions from Messrs. Payne and Co., Solicitors for Aga Shamsudinshah, the Administrator of the estate of Aga Jangishah, deceased, the undermentioned properties situate at Piroo Lane, and Imamwada Road, respectively, in Bombay, will be put up for sale by Public Auction, at the premises in Bombay, TOMORROW, FRIDAY, the 17th day of December, 1909, at the times specified against the respective properties:—

Piroo Lane properties at 4 p. m. (S.T.), on the premises.

All that piece of parcel or pension and tax land, together with the hereditaments and premises standing thereon, situate on the east side of Piroo Lane, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 250 Square Yards, or thereabouts, forming part of Collector's New Survey No. 3660, and assessed by the Municipality under Street Nos. 66 and 66-68, and bounded as follows: i.e. on or towards the north and east by the property of Ahmedbhoy Habibbhoy, on or towards the south by the Jail Road, now called Imamwada Road, and on or towards the west by the said Piroo Lane, and which premises are now in the occupation of the vendor's tenant.

Property situate at Imamwada Road, known as the Hamamkhana, at 5 p. m.

All that piece or parcel of pension and tax land or ground together with the hereditaments and premises standing thereon, situate at Imamwada Road, in Bombay, known as the Hamamkhana, or Turkish Bath, containing by admeasurement, square yards, or thereabouts, and built on land bearing New Survey No. 3101 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under Street No. 39 and bounded as follows:—i. e. on or towards the north by the Jail Road, or Imamwada Road, on or towards the south and east by the Khoja Burial Ground, and a well belonging to that Burial Ground and on or towards the west by the Mogul Masjid.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Payne & Co., Solicitors, at their Office, 18, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF SECOND-HAND MOTOR CARS.

Great opportunity for those intending to purchase second-hand motor cars in good condition and perfect working order.

Under instructions from Messrs. The Bombay Cycle and Motor Agency, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, at 3.30 p. m. on SATURDAY, the 18th inst., sell by Public Auction, on the premises of the Bombay Cycle and Motor Agency in York Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, the second-hand motor cars detailed below, the property of the following gentlemen:—

1. The property of H. H. the Nawab of Sachin: 12 H. P. 2 cylinder Beeston Humber Car, very little used, with side entrance, double phaeton, 5 seated body and cape cart hood, complete with all accessories.
2. The property of Purshottamdas Manguldas Nathubhai, Esq., Bombay: 12 H. P. 2 cylinder Richard Brazier car, with Magneto Ignition, 4 seated swing seat, side entrance, body cape cart hood and all accessories.
3. The property of B. H. Hewett, Esq., Municipal Engineer, Bombay: 12 H. P. 2 cylinder Darracq car, with Battery and Magneto Ignition, 5 seated, side entrance, body cape cart hood, glass screen and all accessories.
4. The property of Jamsetjee M. Wadia, Esq., Bombay: 15 H. P. 4 cylinder Orleans car with side entrance, body care cart hood and all accessories.
5. The property of Mulraj Khatao, Esq., Bombay: 12 H. P. 4 cylinder Humber car, with 5 seated side entrance body, cape cart hood and all accessories.
6. The property of Col. Collie, I. M. S., Bombay: 15 H. P. 4 cylinder Orleans car, side entrance, 5 seated body, cape cart hood and all accessories.
7. The property of Suleman [illegible]in Saudagar, Esq., Bombay: 30 H.P., 4 cylinder Beeston Humber car with Magneto and Battery Ignition, 5 seated, side entrance, body cape cart hood and all accessories.
8. The property of Dadiba Merwanjee Dalal, Esq., Bombay: 40 H. P. 4 cylinder Hotchkiss car, used only for about 10 times and practically good as new with Magneto Ignition, 7 seated, side entrance, touring body, cape cart hood and all accessories. Believed to be the fastest car imported to Bombay; very suitable for touring.
9. The property of H. H. the Maharaja Saheb of Rutlam; 18-24 H. P. 4 cylinder Calthorpe car, very little used, condition good as new, with Magneto and Battery Ignition, landaulette body to seat six persons, complete with usual accessories.
10. The property of Dadiba Merwanji Dalal, Esq., Bombay: 1909 Patern 15 H. P. 4 cylinder Humber car, good as new, used for 6 months only with Honeycomb radiator battery and Magneto Ignition, 5 seated, side entrance, model de-Luxe body, cape cart hood and all accessories.
11. The property of Bombay Cycle and Motor Agency: 12 H. P 4 cylinder Humber car used for 9 months only with swing seat, side entrance, body cape cart hood and all accessories.
12. The property of H. H. the Nawab of Sachin: 30-35 H. P. 4 cylinder Clement Beyard car with 7 seated landaulette body, Battery and Magneto Ignition, Stepney wheel, 5 lamps, horn, spares, etc. Car recently thoroughly overhauled.
13. The property of M. S. Captain, Esq., Bombay: 12 H. P. 2 cylinder DeDion Engined 5 seated car with canopy and all accessories.

All cars are in good working order with tyres and tubes in sound condition and complete with usual accessories, viz., lamps, horns, tools, etc.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable landed property at Love Lane, Mazagon.

Under instructions from Messrs. Payne and Co., Solicitors for H. H. Sir Sultan Mahomed Shah Aga Khan, G. C. I. E., the undermentioned property situate at Love Lane, Mazagon, Bombay, will be put up for sale by Public Auction, by Messrs. BENNETT and Co., on the premises in several lots on MONDAY the 20th day of December, 1909, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) and on the following days:—

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground together with the hereditaments and premises standing thereon, situate at Love Lane, Mazagon, containing by admeasurement 28,536 square yards or thereabouts, assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3693 2/3686, and 1/3686 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North by the properties of Kaverji Rastomjee Sethna, Bai Mithibai Merwanjee B. Jijibhoy and the Mazagon Police Court Building, on or towards the south partly by Love Lane and partly by the property of Aga Shamsudin Shah, Administrator of the estate of Aga Jangishah, deceased, on or towards the east by the property of Fr. L. P. Rosario, and on or towards the west by the property belonging to the Trustees of the Merwanji Nusserwanji Panday Charities.

N. B.—The whole of the above property will be sold in (29) twenty-nine different lots, the smallest lot admeasuring 629 square yards and the largest lot admeasuring 3,314 square yards. The above property is held by the vendor from the Secretary of State under a perpetual lease subject to certain terms and conditions which have been agreed upon between the Secretary of State and the Vendor. These terms compare very favourably with the terms which other leasehold properties in Mazagon are held from Government.

For further particulars and conditions of sale and for the general sale plan apply to Messrs. Payne and Co., Solicitors, at their office, 18, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 16th December, 1909.

FOR SALE.—A commodious and lofty upper-storied HOUSE, at Bangalore, with excellent grounds, out-offices, and stabling, having come-loose arranged and built in the English style, located in a healthy and quiet part of Bangalore. Any reasonable offer will be accepted. For particulars apply to No. 485, care of the Bombay Gazette.

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DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, 14th December.

Consols 2 1/2 per cent. ... 82 9/16—unchgd
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs. ... 25-22 +0-1/2
Rentes 3 per cent. ... ... 99 1-2 +1/4
Berlin Cheques on London. ... 20-46 unchgd
Bar Silver Spot. ... ... 24 5-16+1/8
Do. 2 months hence. ... ... 24 5/16+1-8
Closing Tone of Silver. ... ... Dul'.
Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent. ... 62 5-8 unchgd.
Exchange on India 30 days' sight(Bank buying rate). 1-3-1 5 1/2
Discount, Bank of England Rate 4 1-2 per cent. since 9th December.
Council Bills—Extra allotments Madras—£50,000 at 1—4 1-8
3 1/2 per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan) £97 1/2 +1-4
Discount Bank Bills 3 months' sight... 4 unchgd
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight 3 5/8 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months 4 1/4 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months 4 3/8+unchgd.
Bar Gold (per oz.) ... ... 77/9 unchgd.
Interest day to-day loans ... ... 3 3/4 unchgd
Do. of day market loans ... 3 7/8 unchgd

MANCHESTER, 14th December.

COTTON.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ...	7,000
Do. do. called ...	3,000
Do. Day's Sales on Spot and for Exp.	...
Do. Day's Sales of East Indian ...	...
Do. Day's Imports... ...	18,000

Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot, moderate demand—Firm.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures, Quiet.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian, Quiet
Tone of Manchester Market. Firmer.
Mid-Americans 8·14+3
Egyptian F. G. F. 13 5/8 unchgd.

	D.-J.	J.-F.	F.-M.	M.-A.	A.-M.
Cotton Delivery	7·90	7·93	7·96	7·99	8·01
Mid. Uplands	+4	+7	+7	+7	+8
G. O. C.	M.-J.	J.-J.	J.-A.	A.-S.	
Liverpool	8·02	8·01	7·99	7·71	
	+9	+8	+8	+9	

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Bengal	5 5-8	Unchgd.
F G Bengal	5 3-4	
Fine Bengal	5 7-8	
Good Bhownugger	6 1-8	
F G Bhownuggar	6 1-4	
Fine Bhownuggar	6 3-8	
Fine M G Bhownuggar	6 3-8	
Good Oomra	6 3-16	
F G Oomra	6 5-16	
Fine Oomra	6 7-16	
Good M G Oomra	6 3-16	
Fine M G Oomra	6 7-16	
Good Broach	7	
F G Broach	7 5-32	
Fine Broach	7 5-16	
Good Khandeish	6 1-4	
F G Khandeish	6 1-8	

F G F Tinnevelly, Liverpool C I F 6 5-16 unchgd Dec.-Jan.
G. M. Westerns C. I. F. London 5 19-32 "
Fair Cocon·da C I F London 5 1-4 "
Coconada Ginned C I F London 5 1-4 "

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) 49 3-4
" " months, Dec.-Jan.
" " Ports, Antwerp.
" " Buyers, sellers, &c., Sellers

AMERICAN MARKETS.

NEW YORK, 14th December.

COTTON :—
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ... 43,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ... 7,000
Do. Exports to Continent... ... .

Futures at New York...... Jan. 14·94 —8 } Advanced early on favourable cables and declined later owing to commission house liquidation.
Do at New York......... May 15·37 —11 }

Spot Cotton at New York ... ... 15·10 —10
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) ... 8 1/2 unchgd
Demand Bills ... ... 4·87 7/8+1-8
Silver Commercial Bars ... ... 52·7/8+1/4
Spot Cotton at New Orleans ... ... 15 unchgd
Tone of Spot Cotton ... ... Quiet.
Futures at New Orleans ... Jan. 15·22—18
Do. at New Orleans ... May 15·92—14

WHEAT.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe. 62 lbs 37
Months—Mar.-April.
Buyers, etc.—Sellers.
Tone—Firm.

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian 38 1/2
Months—Jan.-Feb.
Buyers, etc., Business Done.
Tone—Firmer.
Linseed per 416 lbs 58 1/2
Do. Months—Dec.-Jan.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.
Do. Whether buyers or sellers—Value.
Tone.—Firm.
Rapeseed—Yellow Gujrat... ... ... 43 3/4
Do. Months—Dec.-Jan.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers—Buyers.
Tone—Firmer.
Wheat Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs C.I.F. 41 1-4
Do. Months—Dec-Jan.
Do. Name of Ports—London.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc., Buyers.
Tone—Firm.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber 7-3 Value.

SUGAR.

German Granulated Sugar C.and F. India Double Bags first marks ... 15-1 1/2
Month of shipment—May-Aug. Sellers
Tone—Dull.

METAL.

Copper Braziers £59 1-2
Yellow Metal ... ... d 6 1-8

BOMBAY, 15th December.

EXCHANGE.

There is no change in the market to report. T. T. is 1s. 4 3-32d., Demand 1s. 4 1-8d. and 3 months' sight Credits 1s. 4 11-32d. The Banks closed early to-day awaiting the news of the Council Bill allotment.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	1s. 4 3/32d.
Demand Do.	1s. 4 1/8d.
3 m/s. credits	1s. 4 11/32d.
Do. Francs ...	171 1/2
Do. Marks ...	139 3/4
30 d/s. Hongkong ...	131 1/4
" Japan	149 1/2
" Shanghai	174 3/4

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Government Paper rate opened at 93 3-16 per cent. and has improved to 93 5-16 per cent. both for ready and settlement.

BULLION.

To-day prices have advanced again and in ready 1-8 is up at 24 5-16 and New York was 1-4 up at 52 7-8. In spite of the increase in the home markets the local market was not brisk, because there were some sellers but the future prospects are good.

We quote :—

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
97 touch Fakirsett...	23	9	9
97 touch Chinto	23	4	0
National Bank	24	1	6
Chartered Bank	24	1	0
Sovereigns Shield	15	2	0
Do Dragoon...	15	0	0
Australian	24	1	0
Mints' Slabs	24	0	0

SILVER.

	Rs.	a.	p.
17 1/2 Penny	63	12	0
17 Penny ready	63	11	0
Local per tola	0	10	0
First Settlement	63	12	0
Second "	64	1	0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Description.	Rate.
Linseed, Bold	... Rs. 9 14
Linseed, Small	... " 9 11
RAPESEED—	
Brown Cawnpore	... Rs. 6 5
Yellow do.	... " 6 12
Do. Gujarat	... " 7

Poppyseed	... " 9 5
Castorseed	... " 33 1/2 to 34
Mowraseed	... " 6 2
Maize	... " 21 1/2 to 22
Khandesh Howri	... " 43 to 44
White Gin, Bold 95/5	Rs. 40 to 43 1/2
Do. do. do. 85/15	
Do. do. do. 75/25	
Do. Mixed 50 50	
Do. Gin, Small 50 50	
Do. do. do. 85/15	
Gin, Black Beaver	... " 38 to 39
Do. Meggi	... " 42 to 43
WHEAT—	
Choice Pissi	... " 5 15
Delhi	... " 5 7 6

Wheat : Market is steady.
Linseed : Prices steady
Rapeseed : Quiet and very little doing.
Poppyseed : Prices are steady.
Groundnuts : Business was done at Rs. 37 1-2 to Rs. 38 and there is good enquiry.
Mowraseed : Firm with good enquiry.
Castorseed : Steady.
Gingelly : A good business is done as demand from continent is good.

Summary of Daily Arrivals of Wheat and Seeds by rail and sea during the 24 hours ending at 6 p. m. on Tuesday, 14th December :—

Wheat	3,802 cwts.
Linseed	617 "
Rape, Rai and Mustardseed ...	575 "
Gingellyseed	33,328 "
Poppyseed	31 "
Groundnuts	2,622 "
Castorseed	4,537 "
Rice	1,032 "
Myrabollams	1,959 "
Cottonseed	29,911 "
Mowraseed	1,171 "
Gram	2,711 "
Joowar	386 "
Maize	2,873 "

SPINNINGS.

Petits opened at Rs. 3,540 and business was done up to Rs. 3,545 but at the close it dropped to Rs. 3,542 1-2.

We quote :—

BANKS.	
Bombay	1,502 1/2
India	64
Indian Specie	53
Bombay Merchants' Bank ..	16
Bank of Burma...	113
MILLS.	
Century...	290
Davids	250
Kohinoor	700
Maneckji Petits...	3,540
Finlay Mills	247 1-2
Fazalbhai	230
Luxmi Cotton	1,555
Colaba Land and Mill	1,100
Crescent...	87 1/2
PRESSES.	
Indian Cotton	137 1/2
New Berar	545
New Moffusil	720
MISCELLANEOUS.	
B. B. S. and T. Co's. Ord ...	95 1/2
Bombay B. S. T. C Pref. ...	151 1/2
Bombay Steam Nav. Ord. ...	317 1/2
Treacher & Co.	560
RAILWAYS.	
Ahmedabad Prantej	585
Tapti-Valley	437 1/2

COTTON.

This morning Liverpool being 3 points up for Ready and 8 points up in Forwards, the market at Colaba advanced by 2 per cent., but there being more Sellers than Buyers the prices again declined. Exporters to Japan and Mills buy their requirements only. Merwari speculators in the morning did business for Broach at Rs. 291 1-2 amongst themselves, but later on the prices declined to Rs. 291. Some business was done in Broach at Colaba at Rs. 290, but the closing rate was Rs. 291 1-2. The general idea is that there will be a further decline in the market.

The following purchases were made to-day :—

Bales			Rs.
1,000	Bengal	Gaddum Co. ...	2616-85
200	Jeena	Japan Cotton Trading Co. ...	275
190	Mooltan	" ...	261
100	Bengal	Dinshaw D. Curranee...	265
100	Parbani	Coorla Mills ...	295
100	Parbani	Coorla Mills... ...	287
100	Mulkapore	Greaves Cotton & Co.	268
100	Yeotmal	W. Wolfe & Co. ...	272
200	Khandesh,	Tata Sons & Co. ...	255

We quote :—

	Dec. Rs.	Jan. Rs.
Bengal Fine ...	262	253
" F. Good ...	250	241
Khandesh Fine ...	259	250
" F. Good...	253	244
Amraoti Fine ...	269	261
Akola KhangaumFine...	269	261
Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine...	275	265
Yeotmal Fine ...	280	270
Nagpore Fine ...	281	274
Wardha Hinganghat Fine...	287	276
Methia Fine ...	259	252
Broach Fine ...	313	March
" Good ...	291	"
Sawginned Good ...	297	Apl-May
Westerns Gin " ...	284	"
Coompta Gin " ...	302	"

Summary of Daily Arrivals of Cotton during the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. on Tuesday, 14th Dec. :—

Khandesh	5,693 Bales
Central India	933 "
Barsi and Nagur	2,655 "
Berar	5,995 "
Central Provinces	5.326 "
Oomras	20,503 "
Dholera	429 "
Compta and Dharwar	58 "
Westerns	41 "
Bengals (N. W. P.)	4,464 "
Bengals (Rajputana)	279 "
Sind	682 "
Total	36,401 Bales.

LIVERPOOL, 15th December.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	Easier.
Estimated Sales	7,000
Total Imports	55,000

Future Delivery Prices :—

Dec.—Jan.	7·82 — 8
Jan.—Feb.	7·85 — 8
Feb.—Mar.	7·88 — 8
Mar.—Apl.	7·91 — 8
Apl.—May.	7·93 — 8
May—June	7·94 — 8
June—July	7·93 — 8
July—Aug.	7·91 — 8
Aug.—Sept.	7·65 — 6

FREIGHTS.

Ports.	This month.	Next month.
Antwerp	15 0	... 15 0
Dunkirk	15 0	... 15 0
Havre	16 0	... 15 6
Hull	14 9	... 14 6
Liverpool	15 6	... 15 6
Marseilles	15 6	... 15 6
Genoa	15 6	... 15 0
London...	......	15 0
Hamburg	15 6	... 15 6
Trieste	17 6	... 17 0
Venice	17 6	... 17 0
Open Ports	...	

So far business not done in the market, rates unchanged, market steady.

OPIUM.

Very little business is passing.

	Rs.
1st settlement average	... 1,857
Teji-Mundi	... 70
Calcutta average	... 1,845
Forward	... 1,620

China market is steady.

METALS.

Metal market is firm and steady. A business of about 300 bundles took place to-day. Tin market is jumping up every day and prices have gone by 6 annas per maund.

We quote :—

Copper Braziers 4×4 ... ... lbs. 21, 28, 35, 42, 56, 63, 70, 77, 84 } Rs. 55 8

Yellow Metal Sheets ... ... 21, 28, 35, 42, 49, 56 } Rs. 46 8

Tin Ingots. ... ... " 40 6
Spelter S M, M M, J, G ... " 19 8
Georgehutte ... ... " 22 4
Copper Ingots K S ... ... " 49 14
Copper Sheetings ... lbs. 8, 10, 12, 14 " 50/52
Yellow Metal Sheetings ... lbs. 14, 16, 10, 12 } 47/48

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Tuesday, 14th December.

GOLD.

No. of Packages.	Bullions. Rs.	Coin. Sovs and half Sovs. Rs.	Other coin. Rs.
1 Box ...	1,12,600	...	......
2 Bundles ...	......	67	149

SILVER. Coin.

No. of packages	Bullions. Rs.	Govt. of India Rs. Rs.	Other coin. Rs.
2 Bundles	...	4,300	...
2 Parcels	16	......	...

Importers.	Vessels.	From.
National Bank of India Ltd	Assaye	Sydney
Aboody Menashe Meer ...	Dumra	Busreh
Yokohama Specie Bank Ltd	Salsette	London

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 13th December 1909.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway ...	66	77 204
B. B. & C. I. Railway...	50	57,795

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, 13th Dec. 1909.

The weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury :—

1 Amount estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1909-10 .... £16,200,000
2 Amount of Sterling Demand Drafts on London drawn in India........... £ 156,000
3 Total £16,356,000
4 Remitted from 1st April 1909 to 11th Dec, 1909, by Council Bills*......... £14,838,906
" " By Gold .... £ nil
5 Balance to be remitted from 12th Dec. 1909 to 31st March, 1910............... £ 1,517,094

* Of this sum £3,800,000 has been taken to the account of the Gold Standard Reserve.

DAILY EXPORTS.—DEC. 15.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Olympia s—70 bales wool, N Khataw ; 30 bales wool, The Bombay and Co ; 50 bales cotton Gaddum and Co ; 225 bales cotton Ralli Bros ; 300 bales cotton, Gill and Co ; 400 bales wool, D Koondanmal ; 63 bales wool, M Balia ; 47 bales wool, T Chimandas ; 300 bales wool B Hurbham ; 373 bales wool M Ramjidas ; 179 bales wool, D Nagji; 52 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—1 bale woollen carpets, Coutts and Co ; 18 bales skins R M Kooka 11 bales skins B Esmail ; 9 cwts bees wax M Mahmed ; 2 bales woollen carpets Grindly Groom and Co ; 4 bales woollen carpets, King King and Co ; 12 bales skins, R Molubhai ; 12 bales skins W and A Graham and Co ; 2 bales woolen carpets G P Stevarids and Co ; 2 bales woollen carpets, and 1 bale tiger skin S J Tellary.

Nonsuch s—4,000 cwts castorseed and 16,280 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros; 10,000 cwts cottonseed, Drefuse and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

Olympia s—200 bales cotton, Bamji and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Olympia s—550 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 4,000 cwts groundnuts, L Drefuse and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Dido s—35 bales cotton, Diwadkar and Co.

FOR MANCHESTER.

Olympia s—10 bales twist, Holland Bombay Trading and Co.

FOR GLASGOW.

Olympia s—35 cwts chutney, F Nowroji.

FOR HULL.

Dido s—2 cwts oil cakes, Bergmann and Hoffmann, 75 bales hemp, B Reeve and Co.

King Malcolm s—3,000 cwts cottonseed, T Memraz, 2,000 cwts cottonseed, H Jaitha and Co; 2,025 cwts castorseed, A Khimji.

Coniscliff s—1,375 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji 2,000 cwts cottonseed Sanday and Co.

George M Embrico s—102 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR LEITH.

Umsingha s—6,000 cwts cottonseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Culna s—895 bales cotton, The Bombay and Co ; 110 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co ; 495 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 1,765 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 500 tons manganese ore, Kiddle Reeve and Co ; 1,000 tons manganese ore, Killick Nixon and Co ; 999 cwts gengellyseed, E D Sassoon and Co ; 1,700 cwts mowraseed, and 200 cwts gum, P Jaitnabhoy ; 5,002 cwts teelseed, J Fachiri ; 4,000 cwts teelseed ; Killick Nixon and Co ; 204 cwts gum, R Damji and Co ; 4,000 cwts rapeseed, David Sassoon and Co ; 285 bales cotton, Bamji and Co.

Jerseymoor s—2,001 cwts gingellyseed J Fachiri ; 350 bales cottonfly, C Peray and Co ; 110 bales cottonfly, W L Patenge and Co ; 220 bales cotton, The Bombay and Co.

King Malcolm s—2,000 cwts castorseed, H Maganlal.

FOR HAMBURG.

Marienfels s—110 bales cotton, F F Campbell and Co ; 1 bale cotton, Latham and Co ; 110 bales cotton, Gaddam and Co ; 228 bales cotton, and 1,999 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR PORT SAID.

Roma s—5,580 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR GENOA.

Siam s—200 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co ; 65 bales cotton waste, C Boggiano and Co ; 102 bales cotton and 1,004 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Bregenz s—10 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR BREMEN.

Marianfels s—228 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Wooda s—1,100 tons manganese ore, S Smidt and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Capri s—39 cwts senna leaves, T Canji ; 160 cwts kishmish, Jassawalla Bros ; 6 cwts fishmaws, R Daunji and Co ; 7 cwts ghee, C Mathooradass ; 3 cwts ghee, V Hirji.

Devanha s—500 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co ; 200 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co ; 300 bales twist, Framji Sons and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Devanha s—250 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co ; 1,500 bales twist, David Sasoon and Co ; 100 bales twist, Framji Sons and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Begum s—1,500 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton Trading and Co ; 600 bales cotton Tata Sons and Co.

FOR YOKKAICHI.

Bombay Maru s—1,000 bales cotton Volkart Bros; 200 bales cotton Vatcha Ghandy and Sons.

FOR MOJI.

Begum s—500 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

FOR OSAKA.

Begum s—1,500 bales cotton The Japan Cotton Trading and Co ; 100 bales cotton Tata Sons and Co; 175 bales cotton H. N. Madraswalla and Co; 250 bales cotton D. D. Curranee and Co.

IMPORTS.

S. S. Culna 3,963 tons Captain R Maclachlan arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Antwerp with the following cargo:—57 papers, 111 wine, 13 soap, 38 tobacco, 363 biscuits, 40 oil varnish 173 oil, 8 coffee, 50 castor oil, 305 paint, 110 borax, 19 grease, 4,748 cement, 10 liquoric, 116 food, 130 nails, 12 lead, 607 newspapers, 30 blacking.

S S Ismaila 3,381 tons, Captain J Le Feurier arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Java with the following cargo :

FROM JAVA.

9,552 sugar and timber.

FROM KARACHI.

1,000 wheat, 54 potatoes, 116 raisins, 2,709 cotton.

S. S. Sanctoria 2,378 tons, Captain W. K. Ward arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Calcutta with cargo of coal.

S. S. Begonia 2,346 tons, Captain W. E. Mathews, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Calcutta with cargo of coal.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

The Charge for Announcement of Births, Marriages, Deaths, and Memorial Notices, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. Cash strictly in Advance.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

WILKINS—December 11, at Bangalore, to the Rev. and Mrs. G. Wilkins, of Hosur, a daughter.

H. T. BINKS,
UNDERTAKER
AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
Byculla Bridge, Byculla, Bombay.
TELEPHONE NO. 947.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Lecture on Temple and other Indian Architecture, Y. M. C. A. Hall, 9-15 p.m.
Billiard Match, Commercial Gymkhana, 9-30 p.m.
Excelsior Cinematograph, 7, 8-30 and 10 p. m.
Skating Rink, Cruickshank-road, 6 to 8 p. m. and 9-30 to 11-30 p.m.
Sun rise, 7h. 4m. ; Sun sets, 6h. 4m. High water 1-26m., 19s. ; Low water, 7-33m., 7-1s.

Maxim : "Rather mistrust too soon, than be deceived too late."

WEEK'S CALENDER.

Friday, December 17.—Lecture on Temple and other Indian Architecture, Y. M. C. A. Hall, 9-15 p.m.
Saturday, December 18.—Doll Dressing Competition, Cama Hospital, 4 p.m. Concert, Y. M. C. A. Hall, 9-15 p.m.

Arrival of a Raja.—The Raja Sahib of Jawhur has arrived in Bombay and has put up in the Taj Mahal Hotel.

Bhownagar News.—The s.s. "Coronation" has arrived at Porbander from Cardiff with a cargo of 5,653 tons of coal. This is the first time that a steamer has come direct from Home to this part.

Fort Gratuitous Dispensary.—The total number of patients treated during the month of November was 2,331, daily average 77, total of new admission 906, number of children vaccinated 53, Parsis 506, Hindus 306, and other castes 94.

Fatal Fall of a Parsi Girl.—Yesterday afternoon at the Framjee Petit Sanitarium at Cumballa Hill, a Parsi girl, aged about 11 years, accidentally fell from the second floor of the building into the back compound and sustained multiple injuries to head, ribs and face. She was removed to the J. J. Hospital where she died at 4 o'clock.

Residences for Poor Parsis.—The committee of the Fund for providing residences for poor Parsis have issued invitations to witness the ceremony of opening two new buildings, erected, from funds given by Bai Jarbai Hormusji Dadachanji and Mr. Hormusji Nusserwanji Cooper at Gilder street on the northside of the Adams-Wylie Hospital. His Excellency the Governor has consented to perform the ceremony at 5·45 p. m. (S. T.) on Monday the 20th inst.

Postal Notices.—A mail for Egypt and Europe consisting of letters and packets specially marked for transmission per Austrian Lloyd's s.s. "Bregenz" will be made up at the Bombay General Post Office for despatch to destination at 8 30 a.m. to-day, Thursday. Letters, &c., for Aden and Berbera, will also be despatched by this steamer.—Mails for Ceylon, Straits Settlements, China and Japan per extra s.s. "Capri" will be closed at the General Post Office at 8 a.m. to-morrow, Friday.

Band at the Princess Gymkhana.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel S. J. Sarjant, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G.I.P. Railway Volunteers, will play the following programme of music under the direction of Mr. A. Maliandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 6 p.m. to-day :—

March	The Light Horse	Blon
Overture	The Sicilian Vespers	Verdi
Gavotte	The Chimes	Ord Hume
Grand Selection	La Traviata	Verdi
Valse	Phryne	Zulueta
Selection	Veronique	Messager
Galop	The Tubuphone	Ord Hume

A Sporting Diary.—We have received a copy of a new diary for the coming year which is issued by Messrs. Andrew Usher and Co., the well-known Scotch distillers. It is tastefully designed with an illustrated cover in black and white depicting a scene on Loch Katrine. Its principal feature is an exhaustive collection of sporting records dealing with practically every branch of sport and athletics even down to aeroplaning, and this is excellently illustrated by a large number of half-tone blocks. Included in the billiards section is a portrait at the table of Mr. John Roberts, who is now playing a series of exhibition matches in Bombay.

Fatal Accident.—Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner of Bombay, held an inquest touching the death of Raghoji Nanabhoy, (76), a Hindu Joshi or fortune-teller. The deceased came to Bombay only two days ago and put up in a dharamsala at Bhuleshwar. On Tuesday night the deceased was crossing the Pydownie Road in front of the Jain Temple when a tram car came up, and the driver finding the deceased in his way, rang the bell and tried to stop the car. The deceased heard the warning, but instead of stepping backward he tried to cross the tram track by running and was knocked down. He was picked up and removed to the hospital, where he died yesterday morning. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

Sirdars of Gujerat.—A large and influential public meeting of the Muslim inhabitants of Ahmedabad was convened in the Anjuman-e-Islam Hall writes a correspondent, in order to congratulate the newly created Sardars on Sunday, and to thank the Government for the same. Sayyid Mahomed Bawamia was voted to the chair. The following telegram was despatched to His Excellency Sir George Clarke :—Mahomedans and gentlemen of other communities assembled in a public meeting at Ahmedabad, thank Your Excellency heartily for the favour of conferring Sardarship on Saiyad Imam Haiderbux, Kazi Amumian, Darbar Narsinhji, Bhasahib, Saiyed Ali El-Edroos, Darbar Azgarali, Admian and Pyaresab.

A Bania Widow Re-marriage.—At the Widow Re-marriage Hall at Girgaum on Tuesday evening was performed the remarriage of Mr. Maneklal Ghellabhoy Mody, with Bai Dholibai, the widowed daughter of Bhanji Naronji. The friends of widow remarriage assembled on the occasion, among them being Jehangir K. N. Kabraji, Mr. Divetia, Miss Kabraji, Mrs. Lallan, Mr. and Mrs. Joothabhoy, Mr. and Mrs. Mansukhram Dave, Mr. Turkhad, etc. The ceremony was performed by Brahmins according to the ritual of the Shastras. The bride and bridegroom signed a declaration and were then introduced to those present. The bride was presented Rs. 500 worth of ornaments and a life assurance policy for Rs. 1,000. Flowers and pan-gulab were distributed, and the proceedings terminated.

The Congress Presidentship.—The Reception Committee of Lahore, the "Indu Prakash" understands, having formally declined to do anything further re-electing a new Congress President, the matter devolves definitely on the All-India Congress Committee, whose decision on the matter will under the constitution be final and binding, on all. It is impossible at this late hour to hold a meeting of the All-India Committee. Nor is that necessary. We understand that the General Secretaries are going to follow the very satisfactory procedure of first calling forth nominations from the members of the All-India Committee and then communicating these names so suggested to all the members and taking their votes. The gentleman who secures the largest number of votes will be the duly elected President. It is a mere guess now to make any anticipations. But the names suggested so far may be mentioned. They are Babu Surendranath, Mr. Gokhale, Mr. J. Saroda Charan, Rao Bahadur R. N. Mudholkar and Pundit Madan Mohan Malaviya.

ELECTORATE FOR THE PARSIS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—Mr. Maneckji Cowasji Patel was acted very unwisely in rushing into print, and running down the Anjuman Meeting in your to-day's issue. The reasons he brings forward are so flimsy and nonsensical, that I must treat them with contempt. He has unnecessarily dragged the name of Mr. Jehangir B. Petit to public ridicule, because he had the moral courage to take a leading part in convening the Anjuman's meeting, in which Mr. Maneckji Cowasji Patel was hissed and hooted by the members present, and in all probability he would have been forced to withdraw, had it not been for the very humble apology he tendered, and which the Chairman very gracefully accepted. I am not going to discuss here whether the meeting was necessary or unnecessary ; it will be sufficient for me to state that in response to 3,000 Parsee requisitionists the Trustees of the Parsee Punchayet very wisely convened the meeting, which was perfectly legal and in order. But unfortunately the day and hour advertised for the meeting to consider this important question was most unsuitable, and that is the only reason why the meeting was so thinly attended. The meeting was not a packed one, as Mr. Patel imagines. Every one came there with a free and unprejudiced mind ; they never howled down any speaker, with the exception of Mr. Patel, for his vituperation, but on the contrary they gave a very patient hearing to all the arguments, both "pro and con" that were so ably put before them by the other speakers.—Yours, etc.,

SHAPURJI B. KATRAK.

December 15.

THE ANGLO-INDIAN HOME FOR BOYS AND GIRLS, POONA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—May I trouble you to bring before the attention of your numerous readers, through the medium of this letter, the needs of the Anglo-Indian Home for Boys and Girls, under the superintendence of Mrs. E. Hutchings, South Petty Staff Lines, Poona.

The approach of Christmas brings many delightful anticipations to a large family of 65 girls and 25 boys, the large majority of whom, have no home of their own, at which to spend Christmas ; and to whom, this institution is the only Home they know. The Home is entirely dependent on the gifts of a sympathetic public; and no more deserving institution exists for children of European parentage or extraction than this one under Mrs. Hutchings' care.

Parcels of serviceable second-hand clothing, particularly such as will be suitable for boys under 15 will be gratefully received ; while gifts of money or of Christmas cheer will be very appropriate at this time of year. I am sure many of your readers, who have enough and to spare, will be glad to help make these children happy. The undersigned will be glad to acknowledge and forward any gifts sent to him in Bombay,—Yours, etc.,

CHARLES B. HILL,

Taylor Memorial Church, Clare Road, Byculla, Bombay.

THE TRANSVAAL INDIAN STRUGGLE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—I am glad that the appeal for funds in aid of the Transvaal Indian struggle is meeting with a generous response.

It should be clearly understood that there is small chance, now of relief being forthcoming till the Union Parliament meets in July next. Meanwhile Mr. Ghandhi and others are determined to carry on the struggle, involving such enormous suffering and sacrifice. But the small Indian community in the Transvaal is financially exhausted. Already it is estimated that they have lost between half a crore and a crore of rupees worth of property, and in addition they have borne the heavy cost of the agitation during the last three years. It is therefore a matter of honour now with the Mother Country to go to their assistance, and enable them to continue the struggle. Large sums are needed for the purpose.

In this connection the following telegram received from Mr. Ghandhi will be read with painful interest :—

"Pray thank Mr. Tata for munificent timely help. Distress great. Prisoners' lot hard. Religious scruples disregarded. Rations short. Prisoners carry slop pails, for refusing, put on spare diet, solitary confinement. Prominent Moslems, Hindus, Parsees jail. Ghandhi."

A small committee is being organised to receive funds and remit them to Mr. Ghandhi, and an announcement will shortly be made in the matter. Meanwhile all contributions will be received and acknowledged by Mr. Jehangir B. Petit.—Yours, &c.,

G. K. GOKHALE.

December 15.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

At a meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation held yesterday, Sir Sassoon J. David presided. Consideration was given to a letter to the Chairman, from Mr. Ramchandra Bhasker Mantri, for self and other house-owners in Zaoba's Oart, stating in continuation of their letter, dated the 22nd October regarding the notices served upon them, under Section 305 of the Municipal Act, to metal, level, drain and light the private passages in the Oart, that summonses have been served upon him and probably upon other house-owners too, calling upon them to appear before the Chief Presidency Magistrate on the 17th instant to answer to a charge of failure to comply with the requisition made in the notices. It was furthur requested that the Committee may be moved to issue instructions to the Commissioner to have the summonses against them cancelled, it being open to the Commissioner to proceed afresh in the matter after the Standing Committee have considered their representation.

It was resolved to request the Commissioner to stay proceedings, if he had no objection.

MEASURES AGAINST MALARIA.

Sanction was given as requested by the Commissioner under Section 381 of the Municipal Act to the parties concerned being respectively required by notice in writing to fill in or hermetically cover twelve wells and cisterns situated in various parts of the city, as they contain anopheles mosquito larvæ.

"CLERK'S HANDBOOK."

This neat handbook containing much useful information to the clerks has undergone a third edition which is considerably revised and enlarged. In every branch of public office, whether Government or mercantile a good clerk is a necessity and any book which gives complete information of all that is required of him is always welcome to us. The hand book deals with a variety of subjects which are of special importance to those for whom it is intended. The compilers, Messrs. Dubashi & Co., have handed the system of Book-keeping in a clear and lucid manner, noting the various books required and explaining the manner of keeping them by both single and double entry. They have also added a number of instructive and useful foot notes to this edition. The book is well got up and can be had at Messrs. Thacker and Co., Bombay.

DECCAN GOLD-FIELDS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, December 15.

Refreshing news comes from the Mangalore mine of the Deccan Development Gold Fields Company. An ore shoot, now being explored, shows values quite equal to those met with in some of the rich Kolar mines at a similar depth above the 370 feet level. It is estimated that there are between 9,100 and 10,000 tons of good milling ore already exposed, and deeper developments about to be undertaken at the 600 feet horizon are expected to open up a further 14,000 tons.

HIGH COURT.—DEC. 16.

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor.)

Appeal Board.

Appeal No Suit No.

15-09 793-04 Wadia G and Co Nandlal Thakerseydas vs. The Bank of Bombay Crawford B and Co Part heard.
62-08 624-05 Khanderao L and M Ranchordas Tribhowandas Mody vs. Sallehbhai Jafferbhai and others Bicknell M and R.
10-09 950-08 Payne and Co Bai Maneckbai vs. Naranji Dwarkadas Craigie B and Co.
11-09 261-08 M B Chothia Vyas Motilal Ranchor vs. Tribhowandas Mangaldas and another Nanu H and Co.
12-09 737-08 Payne and Co Vora Karimji Jiwanji vs. Kermally Abdoola Allarakhia Tyabji D and Co.
13-09 31-09 In person Chunilal Pitamber vs. Bai Moolibai Tyabji D and Co.
14-09 389-09 Payne and Co Mahomed Sidick Haji Moledina vs. Ayeshabai widow and others Mehta and D.
16-09 314-07 Little and Co Kazi Ismail bin Goolamally Mehri vs. Shaikh Abdulla Vallad Mahomed Cassum and others Captain and V.
23-09 356-09 Hiralal and Co Joshi Narbhadashanker vs. Mathuradas Goculdas Kanga and P.
28-09 577-94 Crawford B and Co Dwarkdas Gowerdhandas and another vs. Hiravahu widow and others Tyabji D and Co, Little and Co.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Davar.)

For Consent Decree.

384-09 S B Mehta Bhishumburnath Totaram and others vs Nadirshaw H Belgamwala Ard H D and Co.

Testamentary Suit.

16-09 S H Tyabji Rakhmabai widow vs Hari Vinayek Lothker Jeh G and P.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

590-09-15-494 Mehta and Dalpatram Ambacker Haji Abdoor vs Haji Jakeria Haji Patell Unwalla and P Part heard.
532-09 N B Vakil M M Pandya and another vs Gopal Nagur and others Captain and V Hiralal and Co
522-09 Payne and Co P Goculdas vs The Shree Baloo Mills Co Ltd Mulla and M.
653-09 D J Mantri H Bhasker and others vs K Balkrishnaji Daph F and D.
666-09 P N Billimoria for pauper Sadashiv Yesiwant and others vs J B Joshi D J Mantri
756-09 Matu J and M R D Sethna and others vs H Rahimtoola Payne and Co.
619-09 Jeh M and S H Shroopchand and others vs C A Elichpuwala D J Mantri.
755-09 Crawford B and Co H N Fattehally and other vs Devji Canji and Co a firm Thakurdas and Co
758-09 Crawford B and Co Ahmed N Mahomed Fatehally and another vs Khatau Hemraj the firm Jam R and D.
605-09 Daph F and D Cooverji Umersey the firm vs the Manager and Engineer in Chief of the BhownagorG I P Railway and anothe Bhai K and G and Little and Co.
616-09 Sham M and H Govindji Mulji Raval and another vs L Chaganlal and others Motichand and D.
674-09 Sme B and Co Chintaman Balvant ote vs Narayen Sakaram Tambe and others Sham M and H.
677-09 Jam R and D Devichand Kanaji vs Hunsraj Bhootaji and others Payne and Co.
701-09 Edg G W and Co Ambalal Ravishanker vs Bai Mancha widow Hiralal and Co.
527-09 Little and Co. Treacher and Co Ld vs Mahomedally Adamji Peerbhoy Bick M and R.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod).

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

Reference for Trial of certain Issues.

Reference No 2-06 E F Nicholson In re Land Acq Act 1-94 and in re Government and Esufali Salehbai Nanu H and Co.
687-08 Payne and Co Mahomed Hussein Mstar vs Arbuthnot Evart and Co a firm Craigie B and Co.
312-09 D Shroff D and D V Dharsey vs D Thakersey, Daphtary F and D part heard.
363-09 Payne and Co Canji Dwarkadas vs H Laduk Wadia G and Co.
223-09 N B Vakil A Vincent Pereira vs C David Pereira Daphtery F and D.
278-09 M B Chothia, Utamchand Hashiarmal vs Rai Bhadur Shri Kissandas Narandas,
294-02 S B Mehta, Dhirajlal Panchand Shroff vs Manilal Kesrising and others, Bhaisanker, K and G.
371-09 Daphtary F and D, Premchand Khubchand vs Suranchand Laxmichand and another, Jamsedji R and D, Payne and Co.
544-09 Jehangir and S P Khubchand and others vs M Jaichand Matubhoy J and M.
608-06 Ardeshir H D and Co, G Sadershana Charia vs R C Nathmaria Charia, Nanu H and Co.
433-11116-09 Payne and Co Vuja Tulluck and others vs Abdool Kayoom Abdul Hussein Mamajiwalla—Jeh M and S.
561-09 Payne and Co G Rahimtoolabhay Khairaz vs Mahomedbhoy Nensey Khairaz and Co Payne and Co and Little and Co.
591-09 Thakurdas ann A Rahini Mahomed vs S Fatmabai and other Little and Co.
639-09 Thakurdas and Co Jani Ambaram Kagunathji and others vi B R Contractor and others Mulla and M.
632-09 Ard H D and Co Gulabdas Vakilga vs Wagle and others Daphtary F and D and Motichand and D.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

183-09 Smetham B and Co R S Spolding vs Jijibhoy N Todiwalla and others Payne & Co.
650-02 Jam R and D Hirji Bhojraj and another vs Pandurang Visnu Abhenker Ragh B and N
For Hearing on Exceptions to Ag Commr's Report.
199-07 P N Billimoria Bai Jamnabai widow vs Joshi Shamji Morarji and others Tyabji D and Co.
44-09 Jehangir M and S Dainel M Murzell and others vs J F Murzello and others Smitham B and Co Jehangir M and S.
309-09 Raghavaya B & N H Ragunath the firm vs Mahomed Seedick Saheb valad Haji Adam Saheb and others Nanu H & Co.
412-09 Mehta & D Jethibai vs Motilal Doolabhram and another Smitham B & Co Motichand & D.
593-09 Jehangir and S Adamji Vulbji vs Abdul Hoosein Shaik Jeevanji the firm Tyabji D and Co.
990-07 C P D Cunha Shirinbai widow vs K Bezonji Kapadia and others, Kanga and P.
811-08 Madhowji K and Co Vadilal Lalchand and others vs H S Harachand M B Chothia.
651-09 Tyabji D and Co, Ghellabhoy Jugjiwandas vs N Kelberdas and others, Jehangir G and B Tyabji D and Co.
747-08 Malvi H M and R Velji Gunsey and others Naran Bhicaji and others Tyabji D and Co.
910-07 Tyabji D and Co Mahomed Hoosein Cassum Nanji and others Ali Mahomed Gulam Hoosein Thakurdas and Co.
355-09 Captain and V Adamji Shaikh Samsoodin Contractor vs The Bombay Steam Nav. Co.. Ltd., Little and Co.
456-09 Dik D and S Hiralal Hurprasad and vs Bai Nangi widow and others Khun L and M.
511-09 Captain and V Baboorao Ravikarandas vs Maganlal Bulakhidas Edg G W and Co.

The steamer "City of Para," when it arrived at from Nicaragua, brought a report that President Zelaya had forty citizens of Corinto shot because they cheered the news of an insurgent victory.

Valuable Discovery for the Hair.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" to its original colour without having the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "The Mexican Hair Renewer," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale Depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla Makes Good Blood



Prick your skin with a needle. You will see that it is full of blood. But what kind of blood? Rich and pure? Or thin and impure? Impure blood covers the skin with eczema, rashes, pimples, pustules, salt-rheum, boils, carbuncles, and other sores. These simply tell of something bad down deep in the blood itself. Ointments, washes, powders and cosmetics will not reach the evil. You must take out all impurities from the system with

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

and then see how quickly the skin troubles will disappear.

As now made, Ayer's Sarsaparilla contains no alcohol.

There are many imitation Sarsaparillas.
Be sure you get "Ayer's."

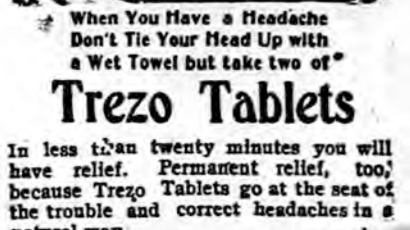
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

A NEW DEPARTURE.

A SINGLE Article at wholesale rate : Bush Barnewitz and Co.'s selected Vegetables ;
Mushrooms—German Asparagus—Smoked Sausages ;
Turk and Pabst's Frankfort Sausages—Romadour Cheese—Parmesan Cheese—German Black Bread, etc.
Also a select stock of Fancy Stationery.
Price List on application.

J. EDULJI & CO.,
CHEMISTS AND GENERAL MERCHANTS,
SITARAM BUILDING, NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET, BOMBAY.

HEADACHE



When You Have a Headache Don't Tie Your Head Up with a Wet Towel but take two of

Trezo Tablets

In less than twenty minutes you will have relief. Permanent relief, too, because Trezo Tablets go at the seat of the trouble and correct headaches in a natural way.

Trezo Tablets do not contain any poisonous or narcotic drugs. They do not contain Antifibrin, Antipyrin, Chloral, Morphine, and they may be given in all cases. We know they may be given where Headache Powders, Pills or Wafers would cause trouble instead of working a cure.

Trezo Tablets are equally useful in Neuralgia, Hemicrania, and nerve pains. Of all Chemists at 12 annas per bottle. Refuse substitutes.

CURED
COD LIVER OIL.

If you are run down try Waterbury's Metabolised Cod Liver Oil Compound. It contains pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil (rendered odorless and digestive by special process). Malt Extract Hypophosphites, Glycerine, Creosote and Guaiacol. It is very palatable and easy of digestion. Good for children and invalids. Accept Waterbury's only. Of all Chemists.

Agents :
ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG & CHEMICAL CO.,
JUMA MUSJID, BOMBAY.

FULLER FULLER FULLER
BICHROMATE BATTERY CHARGING



You connect the Accumulator at night, it is Fully charged in the morning.

Worldwide Unsolicited Testimonials.

"As a convenient means for charging Motor Bicycle or Car Accumulators at home, the new sets introduced by Messrs. Fuller of Wick Lane Works, Bow, London, would be hard to beat."—"The Motor."
Fuller Accumulator, Trembler and non-Trembler Patent High Speed Coils.
Fuller Magnetos, High Tension Standard and Self-Starting Model. Made Five World's Records.
Fuller Leclenche Combination, Dry, Latent, Motor Capsule and Universal Batteries, Fuller Fans, Fuller, Test lamps, Carriage Electric Lamps, Switches, Volt and Ampere Meters, Wires and all Electric Ignitabilities and Motor Accessories.

JOHN C. FULLER & SON, BOW, LONDON
SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA.

D. R. DADY,
Church Gate Buildings, BOMBAY

MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL PILLS
for Ladies.
A French Remedy for all Irregularities.
Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house so that on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a dose may be administered. ... all Chemists and Stores, or post free ...
MARTIN, Pharm. Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H. M. S. Redbreast.....Lieut Tisdall ..... Royal Navy
I M S Persens.....Capt F G Bird.....R Navy
H M S Prosserpine...Capt J T Marshall.....R Navy
H M S Sphinx...Comdr N Harvey .....R Navy

IN THE STREAM

H M S Hyacinth..... .....Capt Dick .....Flagship

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Dec. 15.

Brilliant.....8609 Morrison.....Standard Oil Co
Britannia.....1969 Hales .....Bo & H S & Co
Blake ....2890 Hill .....W & A Graham & Co
Caledonia ... 3529 W Hayward.....P & O S N Co
Dinsdale Hall...2134 Browne.....W F Graham & Co
Florican .....2832 Work .....Cory Brothers & Co
Fuksle.....2102 Reddok.....M M & Co
Hild...719 Salveson . Bangkok.....F E Campbell & Co
Kaiser.....1714 ..Holds . Banjibar...23 12...A Strinels
Kilbride .....2335 Mucferlone.....The Captain
Luson .....3181 L Randie ... .
Madura.....1273 Rember.....M M & Co
Majidi.....1857 Newly.....B & P S N Co
Nisam.....2041 Morgon.....Turner Morrison & Co
Nr Hr..... 2041 Birv.....T Morrison & Co
Pe anda.....728 Borton.....Moysten.....F Plant
Purley .....2785 A L Pritchett... .....
Querimba.....4933.....Smith M M & Co
Sanctoria...2378 Ward.....The Bombay & Co
Shah Navaz.....2522 Mitchell.....B and H S N Co
Swaledale.....2347 Field.....Killick Nixon & Co
Venetia .....2883 Parilon .....W & A Graham & Co
Vermont .....2723 Hargoses ...W & A Graham & Co
Vadala.....2164 Peck.....M M & Co
Woods.....2460 Hughes.....T T M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Dec. 15.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
A Assaye	4359	Jones			P & O S N Co
B Did	3127	Runton	Hull	22-12	J Finlay & Co
C & R Culna	3963	Maclachlan	Antwerp	23-12	M M & Co
D & E Marianfels	3560		Hamburg	12-12	W & A Graham & Co
F King Malcolm	2828	Thomas	Antwerp		T Morrison & Co
G Haidari	1563	Oray	Zanzibar	11-12	B & P S N Co
K Begum	2942	Nicoll			T M & Co
M Dumra	762	Manley	P Gulf	16-12	M M & Co
N Southville	2263	Hair	Hull	24 12	W & A Graham & Co
O Roma	2363	W M Storas			W & A G & Co
P Ulinsinga	1839	Robertson Seith		15-12	W & A Graham & Co
Q St Bride	2414	Nicall			W & A Graham & Co
T Ismaila	3391	Feuvero	Calcutta	18 12	M M & Co

H P D.

Sarsvati...443 Ahmed...Manglore...17 12...B S N & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

3 Nonsuch...2414 Alston...London...18 12...W & A Graham & Co
4 Gorge M Embricas...2244 Goulandries...Port Said 18 12...Ralli Bros
5 Siam ..2953 Icarga ..Marseilles...17-12...T M & Co
6 Jerseymoor...2363 A W Stonehouse..Liverpool,15 12 T Morrison & Co
7 Bregnos...2336 Petris ..Trieste.16 12...A L S N Co
8 Bombay Man...2398 Ivans...Kobe...24 12...N Y Kaisha
10&11 Devanha 4784 Powel...Shanghai.22-12 P & O Co
12&13 Egypt...4178 Summers...London...18 12...P & O S N Co
15 Coinscliff...2511 Pottingos...Hull...14 12...W & A Graham & Co
15 Glendhu.....2629 Norrie ...Kobe ..4-12 T M & Co
16 Capri.....2718 Dial...Hongkong.....17 12 ..Florio Rubattino & Co
20 Olympia.....2369 Tuit.....W & A Graham & Co

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
15	Fultala s	Reddock	Calcutta, Nov.25
	Kaiser s.....	Holdt	Zanzibar
	Nadir s	Bird	Calcutta, Nov.21
	Sangoria s.....	Waral	Calcutta, Dec. 3
	Lhasa s	Mc Diarmid...	Karachi, Dec. 13
	Begonia s	Mathews.....	Calcutta, Dec, 3

DEPARTURES.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
15	Bregens s...	Petris	Trieste
	Coniscliff s	Pottinger	Hull
	Roma s.....	Storm	Port Said

The following vessels began to load on Wednesday:—
Steamer Ismaila for Calcutta.
" Vadala for Calcutta.
" Woosia for Liverpool, etc.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessel.	From
11	Cln Macalister	Liverpool
11	Clan Menzies	Coast
13	Tara	Negapatam

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 16th December.

630.—Detail for the week ending 18th instant.

Friday 17th inst.—All Recruits of the current season to parade at Head Quarters at 6-30 p.m.

631.—Parades—Men who are able to prove satisfactorily that they were unable to attend the Commanding Officer's Parade on Wednesdays owing to duty, will be allowed to count attendance at the evening parade at Head-Quarters on Fridays as attendance at a Commanding Officer's parade.

632.—Musketry—The Range at Ghat Kopar will be available as follows:—

Friday, 17th inst. } for Class Firing.
Saturday, 18th inst. }

Sunday, 19th instant reserved for "D" Company.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-5 a. m.

633—Leave.—The Commanding Officer has been pleased to grant an extension of leave to No. 6366 Vol. H. Crawshaw, "G" Coy to 15th April 1910.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europa.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 15th December 1909.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission Hrs.	Mts.
Turkey	11	5	p.m.	12	35
Teheran	15	12	40 p.m.	1	55
Suez	15	13	55 p.m.	0	37

NOTICES.

Cable Assab Perim interrupted. Telegrams for Erythrea and Abyssinia are forwarded via Suakim, Kassala without additional charge (19-11-09).

Communication with Persian offices "Ahvaz" and "Mohammereh" interrupted. Telegrams being booked from "Borazjoon" (11-11-09.)

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NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

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NOTCE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications of a literary characters should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed BOX 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

THURSDAY, DEC. 16, 1909.

AFFAIRS IN PERSIA.

THE communications of the average Persian newspaper correspondent are not usually very intelligible and at times are distinctly misleading. We may consider it fortunate, therefore, that a former Anglo-Indian journalist has taken up his abode in Teheran to study Persian politics on the spot. He will be able to throw light into many dark corners and from time to time to give us information as to the development of events concerning which hitherto the newspaper reader has been but indifferently served. Whether the Persian Government will appreciate his presence among them remains to be seen. The Persians may have press laws and gagging acts we know not of. Meantime the correspondent—for we take it to be the same—has addressed a long article to the *Times* on the Persian Cabinet and the Nationalists. He tells us that since the fall of Mahomed Ali the affairs of Persia have been in a state of transition, for although a new regime has been in power, it is a regime which in reality lacks a mandate from the people. Persia as a whole he finds inarticulate and the constitutionalism of the Nationalist Party is, as we may imagine, an idea understood and propounded by a strictly limited section of the Persian public. Except for Teheran, Tabriz, Resht and Kazvin, Persia is not violently interested in national politics, but they have learned enough to appreciate the fact that free Government to a no less marked extent than despotic Government, entails responsibilities and, particularly, liabilities. Although the Baktiari Chief who led his tribesmen to Teheran is a man of considerable education and culture, his followers have no desire for parliamentary privileges, their idea being patriarchal Government with a minimum of land settlement and a maximum of flocks and herds, with "a soupcon of buccaneering to give savour to existence." The so-called revolutionary army is described as of another kidney. "Formed round a nucleus of professional Caucasian agitators, employed by the Persian Committees at Constantinople and Baku, it consists mostly of individuals hailing from the province of Azerbaijan, where Turkish blood gives a character and virility to the inhabitants that is lacking in most of the settled regions of Persia." The Revolutionaries are said to be constitutionalists to a man. The real Revolutionaries, however, are a cosmopolitan band of about a hundred strong, whose aims are ostensibly humanitarian—to rid an oppressed country of its despotic rulers and to give it free government, "so much so that, it was said of them, shortly after they triumphantly entered Teheran, that when they had put Persia on its legs they meant to go and do the same for China."

When the Baktiaris and Revolutionaries entered Teheran, a Provisional Government was formed, an adjunct of which was a Committee, constituted for the purpose of expressing Nationalist views and wishes—the Committee to advise and the Government to act. In fact, the Committee became a sort of Cabinet and acted to such an extent, that the real Cabinet for some time was a mere cipher in the conduct of affairs. Ultimately affairs righted themselves and the Committee subsided into its own functions. Yet the Committee is said to represent the concentrated essence of the combination of Nationalism and Constitutionalism, which has stirred Persia during the last few years. So strange are Persian politics, that the Committee has shown a tendency to range itself against the present Government, which, to some extent, is its own nominee. As the *Time* contributor observes, in the circumstances in which armed forces entered Teheran in the interests of the Constitution, it was obvious that the leaders who had risked so much for the cause should be given places in the new Government. The Nationalist Chiefs, who received the newcomers with open arms, when it became evident that they were firmly established in the city, immediately constituted themselves into the aforesaid Committee, and elected the Bakhtiari Chief Minister of the Interior and the Sipahdar Minister for War. The Premiership was given to an absentee, one portfolio to a grandee of the old school who had been out of Court favour for some years, and the remaining three places to local Nationalists. But since the Committee subsided, Sirdar Asad and the Sipahdar have been supreme and the rest of the Cabinet apparently nowhere.

The actual rulers of the country, at the present moment, therefore, are Sirdar Asad and the Sipahdar. The latter, as may be remembered, was second in command of the Royalist forces before Tabriz in 1908 and so was actively engaged against the Nationalists only twelve months ago. Disputes with his Chief arose and he retired to his estates on the Caspian. From the autumn of 1908, until the spring of the following year, during a journey to Teheran, he was intercepted at Resht by the revolutionaries who appointed him their leader. It is, however, said of him that he never wavered in his loyalty, despite his following and their well-known aims. When the British and Russian Legations persuaded the late Shah to grant the Constitution, it looked as if the militant movement would lapse as its aim had been achieved. The Sipahdar then expressed his intention of proceeding to Teheran to make peace with the Shah, but was ordered to remain at Resht, where his followers pronounced him an unwilling leader. There was an immediate advance on Teheran but his men agitated against both his proposals and his acts and he appears to recognise that he does not hold the confidence of the people. In short, the vernacular press describes him as a reactionary in disguise, a despot by nature and a Machiavelian agent of Russian designs. It would appear, therefore, that when affairs in Persia are said to be in a state of transition, the term applied is sufficiently mild. It is, however, uncertain whether any permanent advancement has been made or whether a reactionary movement may not occur at any time.

SPORT IN CANADA.

THE sportsman who wants a bracing spell to restore spirits and energies, exhausted by too long work and residence in the tropics, might do much worse than take his rifle and general jungle battery to Canada in the autumn and enjoy the simple life of its wilds for a few active weeks. He will find lake and stream, reed-bed and woodland, primeval forest and every form of wilderness, ready to his hand. He may put up in a summer hotel, or in a farmhouse, camp out on a smooth beach or under the shade of protecting giant trees. But wherever he alights he may count on finding game in many forms. Of big game there is plenty, and even the tide of summer holiday-makers does not, it seems, make much difference in the quantity in a given district. The sportsman who wanders through the wilderness round about the group of lakes, of which Nipissing is one, will find the Canadian red deer in large numbers and may be certain of excitement and procuring the two head to which his fifty-dollar licence entitles him as a visitor to the country. The Grand Trunk Railway leads right into this romantic land of the Ontario Highlands, whence last season one Company alone shipped 2,348 head of deer. Moose and caribou abound in this region as well and are carried off in great numbers. But the slaughter is not as indiscriminate as a traveller might imagine, who judged from the many carcases of deer and moose he sees at railway stations. Game-laws are in full force in Eastern Canada and casual killing by the members of lumber-camps and railway gangs is well controlled. The poacher meets with no sympathy whatever. The Alongiun Reserve, a fine Park, is a guarantee of the national preservation of game in the district. The moose lords it over Canada's eastern forests just as the bison did over the Western prairies in the good old days before it was well-nigh reduced to extinction. The moose can be hunted with every chance of success in Ontario, Quebec, and the Maritime Provinces. The game-wardens take care that the animal is not too recklessly decimated for commerical purposes. But it is difficult to prevent the Indians wasting more than they use, as is their very bad habit.

Tracking is, however, the really sporting method of pursuing the moose. In this the hunter must exert all his ingenuity, all his care. He must know how to seize the psychological moment for circling round his quarry, and still manage to evade being seen, heard, or smelt until a clean kill can be secured. This is the glory of moose-tracking. Deer-stalking is said to be mere child's play by comparison. Caribou is to be had by going further east to Nova Scotia or to New Brunswick. Good sport is to be had stalking them as they go about in small groups. They are sometimes easily approached being often puzzled by the hunter's rifle shot and undecided in what direction to turn but once they start they run perhaps for 30 or 40 miles. The sportsman is lucky who adds to the joys of the chase as he must do here, the pleasure of living in the open champagne-like air, living, as the writer says, on just what nature cares to give and learning to understand in untrammelled intimacy, the fine qualities "of the typical Canadian, his unfailing good humour and grim tenacity of purpose in times of hardship." In the Canadian wilderness, "a wilder thing than any old-world waste," one remembers England as really a garden to which the work of generations has contributed its own special loveliness. Should the visitor to Canada give himself time to combine social pleasures with the pursuit of the moose and deer and caribou, he can go over earlier and join the holiday-makers who, in July, fly to Ontario in thousands, from their arduous work in the great industrial capitals of the United States. The summer hotel is then in full swing among the Muskoka Lakes and other enticing regions. But there he does not find game, feathered or furred. The visitor to Canada will not find much to grumble at if he looks for sport and good fellowship during his stay there.

C. P. AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

FOR the first time, since four years ago the Agricultural Department of the Central Provinces was constituted under a separate director, it has been possible to judge from the experience of the year on what lines and to what extent the usefulness of the department may develope. The annual report has just been issued and, as this points out, last year was the first during which the superior staff of the department was at its full sanctioned strength. In spite of this, the subordinate ranks are not yet filled, and consequently, although the staff are beginning to get into close touch with the cultivators, the work of practical demonstration has been retarded. However, it is hoped that this defect may be remedied, when the Agricultural College, the development of which is proceeding rapidly, begins to supply in the early future suitable candidates for such positions. So far as they have gone, the results of the College work have been very encouraging and it is believed that the test of practical field work which has been applied to all candidates, and the inculcation of the principals of outdoor life should lead to the development of the type of hardy demonstrator which is needed by the department. The reports contains a valuable suggestion for decentralisation, which will do a great deal towards helping the spread of knowledge amongst the class which needs it. The reports on the malguzari class, it is noted, have been disappointing from the beginning of its history, and each succeeding year seems to show less encouraging results. While there can be no doubt that the training of the sons of malguzars and other agriculturists in enlightened methods of agriculture should be a principal object in any scheme of Government agricultural instruction, it is clear that little success can be expected while the training is confined to a class at Nagpur. The demand for instruction is not yet sufficiently keen to induce parents to send their sons to a distant town for a long time. So long as the only available teachers were located at Nagpur nothing more could be done. This is no longer the case, and the substitution of short courses in particular branches of agriculture, in which particular students may be interested, at local centre, might lead to greater success in awakening interest in technical instruction; the keener spirits will always be able to proceed to the College afterwards, and will reap fuller advantage from the College course. The Commissioner plainly writes that he expects proposals of this kind to be submitted to him as soon as some additional experience has been gained with an experimental class, and therefore before long we may expect this needed change in the Department's methods to be put into effect.

IT has been decided to abandon the idea of holding a public meeting and demonstration in Calcutta against the deportation generally, and in special reference to nine Bengalees who are now being detained in different parts of India.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL C. P. LUKIS, I.M.S., Director General, Indian Medical Service, and Honorary Surgeon to H.H. the Viceroy, arrived at Madras from Rangoon on Tuesday by the s. s. "Palamcottah," and was met on the passenger jetty by Captains W. C. Long, I.M.S., and L. Hirsh, I.M.S.

PURNA CHANDRA PAKRE, the Bengali of Chandernagore, who was arrested in Madras the other day on suspicion of having been an associate of Hotilal Varma who was undergoing imprisonment at Agra for sedition, was yesterday released on his own recognisance by the Commissioner of Police, Madras, pending further enquiries.

THE remains of a large Buddhist establishment have been discovered near Mirpurkhas in the Thar district, Sind. The Government have decided that arrangements should be made to prevent further removal of the remains from this site, until it has been closely investigated by the Archæological Department.

THE ballot held on yesterday in the rooms of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce for the purpose of electing a representative of the Chamber to serve in the Legislative Council of H. E. the Governor-General, resulted in the election of Mr. C. H. Armstrong, of the firm of Messrs. Lyon and Co., Ltd. Bombay

THE Raja of Cochin, who has been on a visit to the Viceroy in Madras, left there on Tuesday night by a special train for Calcutta, accompanied by his consort and children with him. Mr. A. R. Bannerji, Dewan, Mr. C. Gopal Desikachari, Private Secretary, will stay three weeks in Calcutta and then return to his capital.

THE Maharaja of Travancore and suite left for Travancore on Tuesday evening. His Highnessarrives this morning at Trichinopoly, where he breaks his journey and then proceeds to Quilon. Mr. R. C. Culling Carr, British Resident in Travancore and Cochin, left on Tuesday evening by the Boat mail for Quilon and Travancore.

IT is regarded as practically settled says an Ottawa message, that, if it is found to be at all possible, the vessels which will constitute the nucleus of the Canadian Navy will be constructed on that side of the Atlantic. After going fully in to the question, the Government has come to the conclusion that vessels "equal to the British standard" can be constructed in Canada. Negotiations have been in progress between the Government and representative British ship building firms for some time. It is quite within the range of possibility that an agreement as to the establishment of yards in Canada may be reached and the contract for the first vessels assigned shortly.

THE Mayor of Windsor has received £256 from the Prince of Wales towards the fund which is being raised by the National Trust for the purposes of purchasing a famous beauty spot at the foot of Windsor Castle. His Majesty the King has already subscribed £500 towards the £3,000 needed

THE GERMAN POINT OF VIEW.

German-English Relations.

BERLIN, NOVEMBER 26.

THOSE who are of the opinion that the peace of Europe depends, to a great extent, on the relations between Great Britain and Germany, and who are also desirous of seeing the peace kept, will have experienced a certain amount of pleasure in the various announcements of the last few weeks. This new era dawned, not as might have been expected on European ground, but in America, with the interchange of cordial and friendly greetings between Admirals Seymour and Koester. Both these men have deserved well of their countries; consequently their opinions and utterances are worthy of attention. Then followed the cordial reception of the German Ambassador to the Court of St. James, on the occasion of his visit to the Manchester Chamber of Commerce. In the speech which he made, he laid great emphasis on the necessity for friendly relations between the two countries, which sentiment was received with enthusiasm. Still more important, perhaps, were the speeches exchanged by Herr Dernburg, the German Secretary of State for the Colonies, and the Parliamentary Secretary for the British Colonies. It was shown in these two speeches, that both countries have important interests in common. The German Secretary for the Colonies, who has repeatedly visited both the German and English South African possessions in the course of the last two years, pointed out that both Powers must work hand in hand, not only for such causes as promote the public welfare—as in the case of the fight that is being waged against the sleeping sickness—but also, whenever necessary, for the suppression of native risings.

This latter circumstance is of special importance, not alone by reason of the direct advantages of such mutual support (example of which were afforded by the aid lent to the Germans by the English in the struggle with the Hottentots, and by the Germans to the English on the Cameroon border), but more especially on account of moral influence which such support has on the natives. The blacks who greatly exceed the Europeans in point of number can only be held in check if they consider the white man to a certain extent as a superior being. Nothing has a more prejudical effect on such respect for the white race than the fact of Europeans quarrelling with one another. Consequently, it is essential that the natives should have the impression that the white races are united. Already Great Britain and Germany have

COME TO CERTAIN ARRANGEMENTS

concerning the adoption of a common attitude with regard to the native question in Africa. Further agreements, relating to the Dark Continent, are about to be discussed. There is every appearance that, in the future both countries will deal with all matters concerning the Congo State side by side, and that neither of them will advance a step in these questions, without previously coming to an arrangement with the other. Such an agreement will not only be of the greatest value in promoting friendly relations between Germany and Great Britain, but it should be greeted with enthusiasm from the stand point of international culture and humanity. The complainants which are constantly making them selves heard concerning the cruel treatmeat of the Natives of the Congo State, would soon sink into silence, if London and Berlin were to announce their decision, that a change must take place in the treatment of the blacks in the country in question.

It is also well within the range of possibility that Great Brittain and Germany may, sooner or later come to arrangements, which will not only concern Africa, but also other parts of the world, notably Asia. Great economic undertakings originating now in Great Britain, now in Germany, will certainly achieve their aims more rapidly if both these countries, instead of intriguing against one another, engage in a policy of mutual support.

The leading Conservative organ of Germany, the "Kreutz Zeitung," an extremely influential paper, recently made an insistent demand that a general agreement should be made between Great Britain and Germany, by means of which both countries should agree to respect each others territories. In any case this suggestion is valuable as showing what enormous importance is attached by the accredited organ of a great German political party to the maintenance of friendship between both countries. It must be admitted that to many of us a profound and definite conviction on the part of the Statesmen and the peoples of both countries, that the welfare of both nations would be promoted by their mutual friendship, would appear to be of much greater importance than a merely formal agreement. A deep-seated conviction of this kind would prove a better guarantee of peace then mere paper documents.

GERMAN ELECTRICAL INDUSTRY IN 1908-9.

The great companies, which, situated either in Berlin or in Frankfurt-on-the-Main, control the different branches of the German electrical industry, and at the same time manufacture cables for the markets of the world, have just made their business reports public for the year ending June the 30th. These show an increased business activity, and with the exception of the cable manufacturing industry, which suffered a severe slump during the spring, increased profits; the result is that the two great undertakings, the "Allgemeine Elektrizitatsgesellschaft," and the "Siemens-Schuckert Works" were able to raise their dividends 1 per cent (to 13 and 12 per cent respectively), thus showing an increase of 1 per cent on the previous year. As in the course of the past year, business showed no falling of, despite the crisis which took place in America during the October of 1907 this result is an agreeable proof of the regularity of development and of the correctness of the policy pursued by these two undertakings viz: to counteract the effects of a crisis in any particular branch by engaging in the manufacture of a great number of diversified articles. The vastness of their business organisation, the creation of branch companies at the right moment, together with the maintenance of a friendly spirit of co-operation with other companies, secure such great undertakings from the danger of being obliged to keep working at a loss in slack times, owing to lack of orders.

The report of the "Allgemeine Elektrizitatsgesellschaft" supplies us with some interesting observations concerning the tendencies of engineering development. There has been a great increase in the number of small and very small motors for household use and for the workshops of craftsmen in a small way; the result being that a new building had to be added to enable the plant used for this special line to be enlarged. The heads of German and foreign railways also showed themselves good and lasting customers for the electrical, automatic signalling installations, which serve to increase the safety of the trains. These articles belong to a category that can be manufactured for stock purposes. With regard to the production of incandescent lamps, the demand for metal filament lamps has shown itself to be an increasing one. The great installations, with machinery amounting to many thousand h.p., are also busily engaged in the manufacture of turbines, more especially for mines. The capacity of dynamos has been greatly improved by the substitution of air-cooling for water-cooling. Especially foreign mining companies have installed their new main shafts with electrical service.

In the case of orders for electric railways, the introduction of the alternating current has also become general. The electrification of the railways is proceeding much more quickly in other countries than in Germany, where certain difficulties have been caused from the military point of view. The two great electricity works of Germany have so far only been entrusted with one concession for the construction of an electric rapid German railway, which is to unite Cologne and Dusseldorf.

The "Allegemeine Elektrizitatsgesellschaft" has 33,056 persons in its employment, 1,000 more than last year; the present boom in enterprises of all kinds points to a still further prosperity in electrical industry.

NEW MONO-RAIL CARRIAGES IN ENGLAND AND GERMANY.

Just at the telescope was discovered quite independently, but at the same time in Italy and Holland the new type of mono rail carriage has been brought to the notice of the public by two models, which have made their appearance concurrently in England and Germany. At 11 o'clock of the 10th November August Scherl the Berlin newspaper proprietor, began exhibiting in the Exhibition Hall of the Zoological Gardens, the great model of his recently invented mono-rail carriage. By a curious coincidence the English inventor Brennan submitted his solution of the problem to the public at the same hour.

The marvel of the new invention lies in the fact, that a carriage weighing 2,500 kilograms, and measuring 5 1-2 meters by 1 1-5 meters, as was the case in Berlin, should be able automatically to maintain its balance on a single rail, on which it travels by means of 4 wheels, placed immediately one behind the other, and that even the sharpest curves fail to throw it off the rail. Even when there is no driver, the carriage goes authomatically on its way in safety. The balance is maintained by two gyroscopes, which are built into the carriage just above the wheels, which, revolving rapidly on their vertical axles, keep the carriage in its position above the rail. For this purpose they have to accomplish 8,000 revolutions per minute. The application of Schick's gyroscope had already shown that this rotary force suffices to keep a moving vehicle of any kind in a fixed position, and use has already been made of this discovery to prevent ships from rolling and pitching. It was, however, problematic whether the same success would be achieved on land, until the present experiment proved such to be the case. The gyroscopes owe their rapid rotation to the electric current, which must be entirely independent of the motive force, in order to ensure the necessary safety. It is extremely curious to note the manner in which the carriage, not only maintains its equilibrium when rounding curves, but also avoids all concussion. When the carriage comes to a standstill, the rotation continues for half an hour longer at almost the same speed, so that the carriage still retains its upright position, even when unequally loaded. Consequently, there is ample time to throw out the supports, which maintain the carriage in its position when the gyroscopes begin to slow down.

The head of rail is cylindrical in form, and is almost entirely encompassed by the groove of the wheel. The quicker the speed in a straight direction the easier it is to maintain the balance, as in the case of the bicycle. As the carriage never loses its vertical position, even when rounding curves, a speed of 200 kilometers may be ventured on without the least danger of an upset.

Herr Scherl, the inventor, is desirous of seeing this invention utilise for long distance passenger railways. For this purpose an elevated railway would be necessary, so that there may be no reason for diminishing the speed. Under these conditions, the most remote town in Germany could be reached in four hours from Berlin, and as travelling by this system is quite free from all vibration, the journey there and back could be accomplished in one day, including a sufficient period to enable the traveller to transact his business. Herr Scherl has written an explanatory book on what is destined to be the long distance travelling system of the future, from which it is clear that the system would prove a profitable one. The successful trials that have been made should enable engineers and capitalists to bring the matter into practical use without any great delay.

L. ASCH.

PRIMARY EDUCATION IN BOMBAY.

Training College Established.

MUNICIPAL RESPONSIBILITY.

Regarding the Establishment of a Training College in Bombay for training Primary School Masters and Mistresses, the following letter and Government Resolution were issued yesterday:—

"Educational Department, Bombay Castle.

"With reference to the correspondence ending with my letter No. 2644, dated the 10th August, 1909, regarding a proposal for the establishment of a Training College for primary school teachers in Bombay, I have the honour, by desire of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay, to state that the Corporation fully recognize the necessity of a Training College which shall train teachers in primary schools in Bombay, and welcome, therefore, the proposal of Government to establish such an institution. Having regard, however, to the fact that the training of primary school teachers is no part, strictly speaking, of primary education, and that the Government are bearing the whole expenditure of the maintenance of the Training Colleges in the Presidency which supply teachers for all Municipal and Local Board Schools, the Corporation are of opinion that they ought not to be called upon to contribute in any manner towards the maintenance of the proposed College. In view of one consideration, however, which weighs with the Corporation, viz., that Government are contributing a moiety towards the cost of the new school buildings that are about to be provided in the City, the Corporation agree to provide accommodation in one of these schools for the proposed College, as suggested by Government. The Corporation are also prepared to provide the stipends to such of the students as would enter into an engagement with the Committee to serve them for a certain number of years. Beyond the building accommodation and the stipends, as aforesaid, the Corporation are of opinion that no further financial responsibility should fall on them."

Resolution.—The following letter should be addressed to the President, Municipal Corporation, Bombay:—

"I have placed before Government your letter No. 3668, dated 22nd September, 1908, on the subject of the establishment of a Training College in Bombay.

"2. The Governor in Council has read with regret the opinion expressed in your letter and is disappointed to learn that beyond providing building accommodation for the College in one of the school buildings to be constructed at the joint expense of Government and the Municipality and paying stipends to the students who will agree to serve the Schools' Committee for some years, the Corporation is not prepared to accept financial responsibility in connection with this desirable project.

"3 The Corporation is of opinion that the Training College should be maintained as a Government institution. If this were accepted, it is estimated that the liability of Government for staff, pension, leave allowances and the like would amount to Rs. 24,100 per annum in addition to Rs. 3,400 for initial expenditure, while the Municipality would bear only the charge for stipends, which on an attendance of 50 Municipal students might amount to Rs. 6,000 a year, while accommodation would be provided in a building half the cost of which would be paid by Government.

"4. Under section 61 (q) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888 (Act III of 1888), it is incumbant upon the Corporation to make adequate provision for the promotion of primary education, and it was one of the objects of the Police Charges Act (III of 1907) to put the Corporation in a position to discharge properly its functions in this direction. I am to point out that the provision of a staff of trained teachers is essentially a part of the provision of primary education. Government have made arrangements for an adequate supply of trained teachers in the mofussil, so that the principal, if not the sole, use of a Training College in Bombay will be to provide teachers for the Municipal primary schools. His Excellency in Council regrets, therefore, that he is unable to accept the view that the proposed institution should be maintained and equipped by Government.

"5. As already intimated, however, His Excellency in Council is ready to assist the Corporation in fulfilling its obligations, but he is not prepared to go beyond the liberal terms offered in Mr. Bathoven's letter No. 1143, dated 7th June 1909, which may be repeated here. Government will bear the cost of the staff on the understanding that the Corporation will provide the building, the stipends and other incidental charges. The appointment of the staff and the supervision of the curriculum will be controlled by Government; but in all other respects the College will be entirely a Municipal Institution. I am to add that under these proposals the share of the annual recurring expenditure, falling on Government and the Corporation, has been estimated at Rs. 18,120 and Rs. 11,971, respectively, as shown in the table reproduced below:—

Description of expenditure.	Payable by Government. Rs.	Payable by Municipal Corporation. Rs.
Staff	18,120	...
Rent (temporary)		2,400
Contingencies		480
Stipends (50 Municipal students)		6,000
Leave allowance and pension ...		3,091
Total ...	18,120	11,971"

THE British India Steam Navigation Company has been awarded the sum of £65,256 by the Supreme Prize Court of St. Petersburg in respect of the ramming of their steamer "Ikhona" by the Russian cruiser "Terets" on January 5, 1905.

THE ELECTION CAMPAIGN.

DISORDER AT MEETINGS OF BOTH PARTIES.

Windows Smashed with a Battering-ram.

LORD HARRIS REFUSED A HEARING.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, DECEMBER 14.

The Directory of the Irish National League has decided to support the Liberals at the elections, Mr. Asquith's declaration on the subject of Home Rule being considered satisfactory.

LONDON, DECEMBER 15.

Attempts were made to rush the meeting, at which Mr. Ure was speaking at Braintree last night. Windows were broken with a battering ram and several of the audience were cut.

Meetings, addressed by Lords Newton and Donoughmore in London, Lord Kesteven at Crowland and Lord Harris at Sheerness were of a disorderly nature. Lord Kesteven and Lord Harris were refused a hearing.

LATER.

Lord Rosebery, speaking at Edinburgh, explaining and defending his attitude in regard to the Budget, appealed to the country to be unswayed by passion or eloquence and to judge calmly most of the important issues ever submitted during the course of his political life.

VICTORIAN IMMIGRATION SCHEME.

A Million Sterling a Year Allotted.

LONDON, DECEMBER 14.

The Victorian Government has introduced a Bill, providing a million sterling annually for the purchase of land for immigrants. It will be enough to settle a thousand families yearly.

KING LEOPOLD'S ILLNESS.

A Successful Operation.

LONDON, DECEMBER 14.

King Leopold's entourage is greatly relieved at the success of the operation. His Majesty is anxious to converse, but is urged to rest.

LONDON, DECEMBER 15.

To-day's bulletin states that King Leopold's condition is stationary. It is unofficially stated that it is less favourable.

His daughters, Louise and Stephanie, from whom he has been estranged for years, have telegraphed desiring to see the King, but it is stated that the King has refused to receive them. Nevertheless Stephanie has arrived in Brussels this morning and Louise is expected to arrive later.

THE NICARAGUAN REBELLION.

Riot in the Capital.

THE AUTHORITIES SITTING STILL.

LONDON, DECEMBER 14.

A rebellion broke out at Managua last night. The streets were filled with unrestrained demonstrators, but the authorities made no effort to check the outbreak. The situation became quieter by midnight.

IMMIGRANT SHIPS TO AMERICA.

Revolting State of Things Reported.

Denial from British Companies.

LONDON, DECEMBER 15.

All the British Atlantic lines have issued denials to the report of the Washington Immigration Committee with regard to steerage conditions. They declared that the statements are absurd.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN.

Denial of Rumours of War.

LONDON, DECEMBER 15.

An official statement issued in St. Petersburg, denies the rumours circulated in the Press that another war with Japan is inevitable. It declares that the relations between Russia and Japan are of a most friendly character, and have been consolidated by recent agreements.

ANGLO-GERMAN CONVENTION.

For Traders in Korea.

LONDON, DECEMBER 15.

A Berlin telegram states that the Anglo-German Convention has been concluded for the mutual protection of trade marks in Korea. It empowers Consuls to prosecute persons of their own nationality for the unauthorised use of trade marks.

SHIPBUILDING YARD WORKMEN.

Effect of the New Scheme.

LONDON, DECEMBER 15.

Nine months of working co-partnery scheme started among workmen in shipbuilding yard in Furness Company, has resulted in payment to men of nine per cent. dividend.

"A BEASTLY LIE."

Prince Henry of Prussia Denies

STORY OF AN ANTI-BRITISH TOAST.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, DECEMBER 14.

Prince Henry of Prussia has telegraphed to Dr. Lunn, describing as "a beastly lie," the report that the toast is drunk nightly on German men-of-war to the day of the defeat of the British by the Germans in the North Sea. Prince Henry adds, "We honour and respect our British brother officers."

LATER.

Mr. Haldane, replying to a question put to him at a meeting at Tranent in East Lothian, said he did not think that Germany had the least intention of invasion. The Germans desired to live well with us, but he added that his questioner could rest assured that we should keep our powder dry.

CANADA'S ESTIMATED REVENUE.

Good Progress Made.

LONDON, DECEMBER 15.

A telegram from Ottawa states that in the Commons, Hon. W. Fielding speaking on the Budget said that the estimated revenue was ninety-seven and half a million dollars and expenditure was eighty-one million dollars. That Government's aim was to defray charges out of income including naval expenses. He dwelt on Canada's recovery from depression and on her rapid progress. He said that he did not propose any tariff changes.

THE LOST SHIP "WARATAH."

All Hope Abandoned.

LONDON, DECEMBER 15.

The "Waratah" has been posted as missing at Loyds.

VICEROY'S ARRIVAL IN CALCUTTA.

Enthusiastic Reception Accorded.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, DECEMBER 15.

The Viceroy and Lady Minto arrived this evening and were given a splendid reception by the Calcutta public.

Every person of eminence whether representing Government, law, military or commerce were present either at Howrah or at Government House to welcome Their Excellencies on what is to be their last public arrival in Calcutta, and the public itself has not missed the opportunity of expressing in every detail the popularity, Their Excellencies have commanded. There was a great muster of police and military all along the route and stringent precautions were taken at Government House. Their Excellencies were received by a large number of high officials and others and were congratulated for their providential escape at Ahmedabad.

THE SITUATION IN PERSIA.

British Force Urgently Needed.

OFFICIALS FALL INTO THE HANDS OF ROBBERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, DECEMBER 15.

The *Civil and Military Gazette's* Shiraz correspondent, writing on the 25th of November, says:—The Governor has gained a point in getting rid of the Chief Justice, who has been transferred to Ispahan. Meanwhile another and more serious difficulty has cropped up; Syed Abdul Hosein, the turbulent man of Lur, has come into Shiraz.

Messieurs Passik and Kadloubowsky of the Russian Consulate, Bushire, left this city on Monday 22nd for the Gulf, and like other travellers fell into the hands of robbers. Sineh Safid was sent yesterday to the scene of attack. So far details are not forthcoming, but one Russian Cossack has been killed and some were wounded, while Persians travelling with the same caravan also suffered casualties. Immediately on receipt of the news, our Consul, Mr. Bell, left for the scene of the robbery, taking with him Dr. Woollatt and all the Indian sowars and Governor's Cossacks. Surely this will bring home to the Teheran authorities the very unsafe state of Fars, and get something done to protect European life and property on the Shah's highway. The Governor here can do nothing, and the Mejlis in Teheran seem unable to help him. Now is the time for us to copy Russia's action in the north, and put a good strong force into Fars, until such time as there is some reliable control both in Teheran and Shiraz.

A POONA AFFRAY.

Servants Attack a Theatrical Company.

DISPUTE ABOUT RENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, DECEMBER 14.

The City Magistrate has disposed of a case, in which a gang of ten servants of Krishnaji Bhaya Saheb were charged by the police with rioting. The case emanated from a quarrel between the servants and the members of a Parsee theatrical Company over some misunderstanding, with regard to the payment of rent due for premises occupied by the Company, Bhaya Saheb being the landlord of the buildings. There appears to have been some money due from the landlord to the Company, and on the rent being paid the amount was deducted. Bhaya Saheb resenting this, refused the amount and was alleged to have ordered the servants not to allow the Company to remove until the full rent was paid. They armed themselves with heavy bamboos and surrounded the house, with the result that there was an affray, which resulted in two or three being injured and sent to the hospital. The Magistrate, after recording evidence, sentenced the servants to three months' simple imprisonment, with a fine of Rs. 50 each. The fine was paid.

An appeal will be filed to-day before the District Court.

THE NEW COUNCILS.

Election Activities.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, DECEMBER 15.

At the first meeting of the new Reformed Legislative Council on Tuesday the 4th January the new members will be sworn in after which the Secretary to the Council will announce the assent of the Governor to certain enactments which have been recently passed and also that of the Governor-General if the same is received before that date. The non-official members will then assemble to elect six members from among them to sit on the Budget Committee which will consist of twelve members in all with the Hon'ble Member in charge of the Finance Portfolio as ex-officio President; then the non-official members will elect two members to represent them on the Imperial Legislative Council.

CALCUTTA, DECEMBER 15.

A circular letter has been addressed to members of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce with a view to getting their opinion as to whether the Chamber should or should not object to clause three of the rules under which mercantile members of the Legislative Councils are elected. The effect of the clause is that the Committee and not the members of the Chamber elect representatives. The Committee are clearly of opinion that such a responsibility should not rest with the Committee and that representatives ought to be elected by members of the Chambers. Should the balance of opinion favour the adoption of that course they would suggest to the Government of India that the clause should be amended at as early a date as possible to the following effect, namely, "On or before such date as may be appointed by the Local Government in this behalf the said Chamber shall elect member or members aforesaid in such manner as may be determined by the said Chamber."

POONA, DECEMBER 15.

The Government of Bombay after careful consideration have declined to reconsider the order in respect of Mr. Kelker's candidature for Council. The Governor consequently regretted the inability to withdraw the order.

Mr. Siddhnath Dhondu Garud has been elected for the Local Boards, and Rao Bahadur Ganesh Venkatesh Joshi for the Municipality.

The counting of the votes for the election of two additional members of the Legislative Council by the Municipalities and Local Boards of the Central Division took place this evening, when the following candidates were declared by the Commissioner, Central Division, to be duly elected to the Council:—

By the Municipalities:—Rao Bahadur Ganesh Vyankatesh Joshi.

By the Local Boards:—Mr. Siddhanath Dhondeo Garud.

Rao Bahadur G. V. Joshi retired on pension from the Educational Department some years ago and has since resided in Poona. Mr. S. D. Garud is a Pleader practising in Dhulia. Mr. Harnaraya Apte who stood for election was counted out by one vote. He has given notice of appeal.

CALCUTTA, DECEMBER 15.

The Standing Committee of the Calcutta Corporation has decided that they should reply to Government without admitting that the Corporation have no saleable rights and the proprietory right is vested in Government. The Corporation is prepared to give up the Town Hall for ten lakhs on Government providing a Town Hall for Calcutta. The existing Town Hall, it is proposed, will be the future Parliament House of India.

PATIALA SEDITION CASES.

The Trial Begun.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PATIALA, DECEMBER 15.

The Special Tribunal sat to-day. All the prisoners stayed under the shamiana outside throughout the proceedings. Four Indian Counsel defended certain of them. As a preliminary Mr. Arthur Grey inquired whether all those who defended had special permission to do so, as the Maharaja distinctly ruled that his permission was absolutely essential. Counsel for the defence urged that as they were all privileged to appear hitherto there could be no objection. All Mr. Grey suggested was that powers signed by Maharaja were necessary and might be filed before to-morrow. Counsel for the defence thereupon asked whether Mr. Grey and Pestonji had the requisite authority. Mr. Grey said that the orders to which he referred were for Counsel for the defence alone. However he produced written instructions from Mr. Mistry, Private Secretary.

Counsel for defence then urged that they had no opportunity of interviewing their clients. Mr. Grey replied that if they had sought permission from the proper quarter they would have met with prompt and courteous response. He had ascertained from Mr. Warburton that the order to arrest the accused was granted a few days before the Tribunal had even been appointed, hence the inability of the Judges to act. Mr. Grey then opened the case by a retrospect of the action of the police which contained special provisions for protecting the accused from indignation and inconvenience. He made a special point of this as many newspapers had made uncalled for allegations that had not any foundation in facts. He then went on to explain the law under which the accused were charged and submitted that it was unnecessary to file any formal complaint. The usual course was to submit evidence and leave it to the court to decide, subsequently whether a charge was justifiable whereupon on the accused could be asked to plead. He then called upon Mr. Warburton to give formal evidence as to the arrests and his procedure.

Fully two hours were occupied before the learned Judges could be convinced that instructions given to the Inspector-General of Police were privileged as Counsel for defence pressed for answer on this subject. The Tribunal at last ruled that it could not permit such procedure.

An adjournment was made for lunch at 2-30 and on the sitting of the Court at three o'clock, Sirdar Ali Khan, Inspector of Police, gave evidence as to his endeavour to execute warrants against Amar Chand of Narmaul and Shankar Lall, but in both cases the accused had disappeared as they got wind of the action taken. Counsel for accused then asked for list of the witnesses to be called for the prosecution. But Mr. Grey objected on the ground that these men would be subjected to undue harassment and worry it would be better that they were called up, as the prosecution needed them. In fact, there was no reason why a list should be furnished before the tribunal postponement of their decision on this matter till to-morrow.

THE Sunday "topper" has been abolished at Sherborne School, and a blazer for the use of all the boys has been introduced.

IT was stated at the Marylebone Police Court that not a single person sent from that court to a home under the Inebriates Act had been reformed.

BOMBAY'S COSMOPOLITAN CLUB.

Opening the Orient Club.

SPEECH BY THE GOVERNOR.

YESTERDAY His Excellency, Sir George Clarke, Governor of Bombay, performed the interesting ceremony of opening the new building for the Orient Club, Chowpati, Bombay, when there was a large and distinguished company present. His Excellency, who was accompanied by H. H. the Maharaja Scindia, was received at the entrance by Mr. W. D. Sheppard, Mr. S. M. Edwardes, Sir Sassoon David and Mr. R. D. Setna, who conducted His Excellency to the dais on the first floor. Among those present on the occasion were:—

H.H. the Maharaja Scindia, Sir John and Lady Muir-Mackenzie, Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy, Sir D.M. Petit, Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Sir Sassoon David, Sir V.D. Thakersey, Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Lady Jehangir, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice D. Davar, Mr. W. D. Sheppard, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Chandavarkar, Mr. G. C. Plinston, Mr. J. P. Orr, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Edwardes, Mr. R. D. Setna, Mr. E. J. Bolus, Mr. C. N. Wadia, Mr. Cowasji Jehangir, Mr. J. N. Bahadurji, Khan Bahadur M. C. Marzban, Dr. Temuljee B. Nariman, Mr. Fazalbhoy Currimbhoy, Mr. G. W. Hatch, Colonel and Mrs. Dimmock, Mr. M. B. Barbhaya, Mr. M. B. Chaubal, Mr. Tribhovandas Mangaldas Nathubhai, Mr. J. E. Dani, Mr. S. K. Sarodawalla, Rao Bahadur N. T. Vaidya, Major Khambatta, Mr. Narotam Morarji Gokuldas, and others.

SIR JOHN MUIR-MACKENZIE'S SPEECH.

Sir John Muir-Mackenzie, in opening the proceedings, said:—In the first place, your Excellency, allow me to tender to you on behalf of the Committee and members of this Club a hearty welcome to the new building of which your Excellency laid the foundation-stone some 18 or 19 months ago. It is a great satisfaction to us all that the new building should have been successfully brought to completion under the auspices of your Excellency, a Governor, whose energies have been and are unceasingly directed to the breakingly down of social barriers created by race and class distinctions, and the promotion of friendly and cordial relations of all kinds between the members of the numerous communities which are to be found in this great city. I fear that I must now inflict on your Excellency and this company a few statisticts, but as they relate to the constitution, the present position, and prospects of the Club, they will, I hope, not be without interest. The new building was first proposed as far back as 1901 (a year after the Orient Club was opened), but it was not till 1905 that the project began to assume a definite shape, and the report of the Building Committee was presented. In May, 1907, Messrs. C. F. Stevens and Co. were appointed as architects, and in the following July, Plot No. 5 of the Chowpatty Estate was taken on lease from the Improvement Trust, at a rent of Rs. 3,248 per annum. Sir Sassoon J David and Mr. Fazulbhoy Karimbhoy Ibrahim were good enough to sign the lease on behalf of the Club. In December, 1907, the plans in drawing which invaluable assistance was received from our late Vice-President, Mr. Owen Dunn, were finally approved, and on 16th March, 1908, His Excellency the Governor laid the inaugural stone of the edifice. It was hoped that the new building would be ready by June last, but certain unforeseen difficulties have caused delay. That we are here to-day is largely due to the unwearied exertions of the Building Committee and more particularly of Mr. N. N. Wadia, who has devoted an immense amount of time and trouble to very weary work on our behalf. The accommodation in the new building which I trust your Excellency will inspect is on the whole sufficient for the present requirements of the Club, but I hope earnestly that before long it may require expansion. The immediate requisition of the two flats is in my opinion a most hopeful augury for the future. Most metropolitan clubs in India have residential accommodation, and some depend considerably on resident members for their financial success. We shall not neglect this factor and shall be prepared to expand it, as may be anticipated, there is an increased demand for residential accommodation. I invite particular attention to the provision made for ladies. They are to be made welcome here I understand, every day of the week, and I cannot doubt will add incalculably to the attractions of the Club, which may even to some extent compete with that wonderfully successful institution, the Princess Victoria Gymkhana, where ladies can meet their gentlemen friends on only two days in the week.

COST OF THE BUILDING.

The original estimate of the cost was Rs. 2,05,000 but the actual costs of the building, including furniture and fittings, works out to Rs. 2,26,512. The Club sanctioned the issue of debentures to the extent of Rs. 1,60,000 in shares of Rs. 500. These debentures carry interest at 4 per cent., and form a first charge on the Club's property. Most of the amounts has been subscribed and the balance is being made up by accumulated profits of the Club, donations to the Building Fund, and short loans. There can be no question that the present new building was very urgently needed. We had completely outgrown the accommodation provided in Villa Marina, of which nevertheless many of us will retain very pleasant memories begotten of the many happy evenings spent there. I can personally testify to much enjoyment derived from watching keen games of chess, and engaging in pleasant contest at billiards with several young friends whose skill at the game was only exceeded by their genial and courteous manners. It has been a new thing in my experience to see so much of the young men of Bombay, and I hope the Club will continue to be a resort for young and rising men.

It is confidently expected that the opening of the new Club House will result in a considerable addition to the number of our members. Indeed a substantial addition has already occurred and we are glad to be able to add the names of your Excellency and H. H. the Maharaja Scindia. (Applause.) Our hope is that the Orient Club will be enabled to equal and not to surpass its counterpart the Calcutta Club in reputation and influence. It is proposed to have regular weekly or fortnightly Club dinners. There will also be ladies' dinners on Wednesdays. Your Excellency will, I am sure, agree that nothing is more likely to promote the objects of this Club and the friendly intercourse and spirit of camaraderie which ought to prevail between its members than on these occasions. The festive meal and after dinner chat are among the most potent of material influences in loosening tongue and expanding hearts. It is a proud satisfaction to us that one of the first of our dinners in the new building will be honoured and by the presence of your Excellency, and we acclaim that presence both then and to-day as a visible manifestation of your Excellency's approval and belief in the efficacy of our Club in achieving its main object the promotion of intercourse of cultivated Society in this capital. The obstacles to the accomplishment of our purpose are very great, as indeed they were bound to be in a country where the natural exclusiveness of the Briton is confronted with the rigid prescriptions of caste and zenana systems. This Club is a testimony on the part of its member to a belief that the obstacles are not insuperable, and of a determination to do what lies in us to overcome them with the help of such encouragement as we can receive from men of weight and influence like your Excellency, and this new building is evidence that our belief and determination are live things, showing progressive and fruitful results.

In the name of the Committee and members I now respectfully request your Excellency to declare this new building open.

THE GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

His Excellency, who, on rising to address the meeting was received with loud cheering, said:—

Sir John Muir-Mackenzie, Ladies and Gentlemen. More than a year and a half has passed since I had the great pleasure of laying the foundation stone of the Orient Club. The time has passed very quickly but much has happened to me in the interval and I feel that I am not the same person as he who addressed you on the former occasion. Laying foundation stones is one of the happy duties of a Governor; but an even happier duty is that of inaugurating a completed Institution of such value as this. The Orient Club has not yet completed its tenth year of existence, and it has been handicapped hitherto by the want of an adequate and a worthy habitation. Now that these fine new buildings are available for members I am sure that it will take a leap in advance. There can be no doubt of the need of the Orient Club in the social life of the City of Bombay. The primary object of a club is to provide a meeting place for those who have been called "Clubable people." A club should always be a little social Republic, where egalite and fraternite reign as they never have done and never will do in any Republican State. For such an Institution "Absit Invidia" is a most fitting motto implying free and friendly intercourse between people of different opinions and of different communities who must all benefit by meeting together on common ground. I am well aware that clubs in India are sometimes bones of contention. That is a delicate subject and I will only say that exclusiveness is not confined to Europeans even in India, that I have noted extreme exclusiveness in the club life of most countries, that it is generally an evil wherever it is found and that I believe it tends to disappear. In the case of the Orient Club I am informed that one of the principal promoters was Sir C. Ollivant, late a member of what I remember to have been described as the "intolerable bureaucracy," and I know that Sir J. Muir-Mackenzie, another very distinguished member of that sometimes maligned body, takes a most active interest in its affairs. I am convinced that if our bureaucrats mix freely with the other members of this Club, it will be found that they are not in the least like what they are sometimes represented to be, and that they are devoting themselves most strenuously and most conscientiously to promote the welfare of all communities in this Presidency. (Cheers).

Some who would have liked to be present to-day to see their aspirations realized in this fine building are no longer among us. Sir L. Jenkins, (cheers) whose name will always be remembered in connection with the Orient Club, has been transferred to another sphere of activity. Mr. Owen Dunn has completed his useful and honourable career in India, and has gone home to the rest which he has earned; but we do not forget his exertions. I should like to add my congratulations to those which Sir J. Muir-Mackenzie has expressed to Mr. N. M. Wadia, who has devoted himself unsparingly to the supervision of the many details which are essential to the success of such an undertaking as this. We ought also to remember the architects, Messrs. C. P. Stevens and Co., who have so well discharged the important responsibilities entrusted to them and have provided the Club with a handsome building well designed to meet its requirements.

Members of this Club have the advantage of one of the best sites in Bombay, and I do not think there is any danger that by some future reclamation you will be shut off from the fine sea view which you now enjoy. The scheme which I contemplate will not embrace this most attractive portion of the wonderful Bay, much finer than the Bay of Naples, which is the pride of Bombay, (cheers) and which will be greatly improved if our scheme is carried out. I hope that may perhaps be possible in the future to provide Tennis Courts and facilities for rowing for the younger members of the Club to whom in these days of much physical exercise, such adjuncts would be attractive. I am afraid that neither tennis nor rowing have any attractions for me now, and the life of a Governor of Bombay in these latter days is so full of work and of anxieties that he has little chance of enjoying the amenities of a club. I do hope, however, to be able sometimes to look in and to meet the members as one of themselves. (Applause).

And now, Ladies and Gentlemen, I have only a few more words to say to you. The time is approaching when the whole of the Western world will unite in acclaiming and proclaiming "Peace and Good Will among men," the finest ideal that can be set before humanity. (Loud applause.) Just at this time also we are introducing into the Government of India far reaching changes of which the inspiring motive is conciliation. Can we not lay aside communal and racial difference and work together in peace and good will for the lasting good of India? (Loud cheering.) Fate has brought many races together in this wonderful country and has rendered them mutually dependent. It is only by whole-hearted cooperation that the problems of India can be solved and her prosperity and progress assured. In promoting such co-operation the Orient Club can play its part, and it is to the sacred cause of Peace and Good Will in this Presidency that I dedicate this building which I have now the honour to declare open. (Applause.)

THANKS TO THE GOVERNOR.

Sir D. M. Petit proposed a hearty vote of thanks to the Governor for presiding on the occasion. He said:—"Before we disperse we have a duty to perform and that duty, as you know, is to pass a vote of thanks to H. E. the Governor for having taken the great trouble to come over here to declare this building open. On occasions like this it is the general custom to pass such a vote of thanks as a matter of form. But the vote of thanks I am proposing this moment is not merely a formal one nor is it going to pass as a mere matter of form. It is a genuine expression of our most sincere gratitude to His Excellency for the great support he has given to this Institution by coming over here and thus identifying himself with it. Ever since His Excellency first landed on these shores to rule over the Presidency of Bombay, there has not been a single movement of utility and benefit to the people with which he has not shown his valued sympathy and approval in some form or other. This Institution, besides being a club in every sense of the word and performing the usual functions pertaining to it, fulfils an yet more important and necessary object, viz. of bringing together the different communities of this great city and encouraging amongst them good-will and good feeling towards each other which are so essential in a cosmopolitan population like ours. That this institution should have thrived and progressed within the short life that it has lived upto now, to the extent of having to-day beautiful house of its own, should be no doubt, a matter of congratulation to all who are interested in its welfare. By presiding over to-day's function His Excellency has added one more to the innumerable proofs he has given of his solicitude in the good of the people entrusted to his care. In passing therefore this vote of thanks which I am putting before you we will be expressing our sense of deep gratitude to His Excellency for having found time amidst the cares of his onerous duties to grace this occasion with his presence and encourage us in our efforts of promoting good-will and amity among ourselves."

Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim seconded the proposition, Mr. Fazulbhoy reading his father's speech on his behalf. He said:—Ladies and Gentlemen,—I rise to second the vote of thanks to His Excellency for his kind trouble in coming down amongst us here to-night, and for so kindly consenting to perform the opening ceremony of this new and beautiful building. It is indeed a pleasure to us all to see His Excellency amongst us to-day. His presence here is a proof of that warm-hearted and genuine interest that he has always evinced in all matters pertaining to the social advancement to this great city. His Excellency, by kindly consenting to perform the opening ceremony of this magnificent building of the Orient Club, which brings together under one roof the best men of all the communities of Bombay, has indeed conferred a great obligation on us all, and I need hardly assure His Excellency that the members of the "Orient" keenly appreciate his kindness, and are grateful for it. I hope His Excellency will carry away with him the most favourable impressions of this great cosmopolitan Club, and if he can feel that the Club has justified its existence, and fulfilled the high aims and aspirations that its promoters had in view, I am sure we all have ample reason to congratulate ourselves.

Sir Bhalchandra Krishna supported the motion and said, the work which the Club had undertaken was the noble work of promoting good feelings between the different communities that inhabit this city. This work was also the guiding principle of His Excellency's life. His Excellency had endeared himself to so many people and had taken part in so many useful public movements that his name had become a household word in the whole of the Presidency. Sir George Clarke by being present there that afternoon had shown a proof of his sympathy with the children of the soil. To the speaker it had always been a great pleasure to propose the vote of thanks to His Excellency Sir George Clarke, but on this occasion the pleasure was particularly great. He had received a great number of messages of sympathy with him during his last illness but none moved him so much as that from Sir George. He did not regard the matter from a personal point of view but from a broader one. His Excellency's message showed what a sympathetic heart His Excellency had for the people of this Presidency. It was this trail which had, more than anything else, endeared His Excellency so much to the people. (Applause.)

The motion was carried with acclamation.

His Excellency briefly thanked the assembly for the much too kind terms in which he had been spoken of that afternoon. He did feel that the main object with which he came to India and for which he was present there that afternoon was to promote kindlier feelings between the different communities that inhabited this Presidency and to show his sympathy with every movement of public usefulness. He wished great success to the Club, which would enable various communities to meet and thus assist towards removing those many little misunderstandings which obstructed the harmonious relations of life. It was just a touch of personal contact that was needed for this purpose and which he hoped the Club would provide. (Applause).

A UNIQUE INSTITUTION.

The institution of which the building H. E. the Governor opened yesterday is, perhaps, unique in its kind in India. At least on this side, of India, it is the solitary institution where the membership is not exclusively confined, either to the ruling race or the ruled, but is open to both. The Club was opened on the 1st May 1900, and as Mr. G. O. W. Dunn said while requesting His Excellency to lay the foundation-stone of the building last year, it owes its origin to a desire to prove a first-class Club, managed on European lines, to which gentlemen of culture and position could be admitted irrespective of race, creed or politics on terms of social equality. The immediate object of the Club is avowedly to encourage more intimate and friendly social relations between the leaders of Native society and Europeans. And it is quite in the fitness of things that a unique institution like the Orient Club should have such a handsome habitation as the one of which His Excellency performed the opening ceremony yesterday. The site which faces the Chowpatti Sea Face is one of the very best in the city, open in the front to the direct breeze of the Arabian Sea. The building is approached by a half circular drive, and is entered through a beautiful porch which gives entrance into a spacious hall. The Club premises consist of the ground and first floors, while two storeys have been built above for residential flats. Each of these storeys contains two flats. On entering the Hall on the ground-floor, one finds on the left a large billiard room to accommodate three tables, and on the right the members' smoking room with a bar. Going further, towards the rear part of the ground floor, one sees a manager's room, dressing rooms, lavatory accommodation and kitchen and servants' quarters. In this part too accommodation has been made for a separate dining room for Hindu gentlemen. And in the extreme rear, a small motor garage has been provided for the convenience of the members. Going up the handsome staircase which leads from the entrance hall, one reaches the second floor and enters a large hall fitted up as a lounge. The second floor, contains besides this hall, a dining room, reading room, writing room, ladies drawing room, retiring rooms and a Committee room. It also includes a small, private dining room which may be used for any special purpose. Perhaps the most distingushing feature of the whole building is the splendid verandah and terrace on the second floor, from where one can have a fine view of the famous Back Bay. The verandah and terrace runs the whole length of the building. The flats built over the Club contain handsome apartments and are fitted up with modern conveniences. They are entered by a private entrance on the north side of the building. Mr. C. F. Stevens, the Architect, deserves great credit for erecting such a handsome structure. The building has been fitted up with electric light, fans and other conveniences, the electric installation being done by Messrs. Crompton and Co.

THE LATE MR. R. C. DUTT.

Meeting of Sympathy at Lucknow.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, DECEMBER 15.

A public meeting of the citizens of Lucknow was held this afternoon at Kaisarbagh Baradari to express profound sorrow at the untimely death of Mr. Romesh Chandra Dutt, C. I. E. Pandit Gokaran Nath Misra, Vakil, proposed the first resolution which expressed the deep sense of sorrow of the citizens of Lucknow at the untimely death of Mr. Dutt in whom India had lost a distinguished scholar, poet, statesman, administrator and a genuine patriot and a lover of his country. The speaker spoke shortly as to the able way in which Mr. Dutt had administered various districts in Bengal and referred to his able administration of the Baroda State. The introduction of the reform of the separation of the judicial from the executive was a lesson to be learnt by the British Government. The resolution, after having been duly seconded, was unanimously carried by the whole audience standing in silence.

It was also resolved to send a copy of the resolution to the members of the bereaved family.

WAIFS AND STRAYS IN CALCUTTA.

The Causes of Poverty.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, DECEMBER 15.

In the annual report of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children special attention is drawn to the fact that drink, gambling and immorality are mainly responsible for the poverty of Europeans and Eurasians in Calcutta. But judging from the large number of cases investigated by the Society, they should be classified as effects rather than as causes.

RAILWAY THEFTS.

Evidence Taken in Poona.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, DECEMBER 15.

Further evidence was recorded to-day in the Railway theft case before the Assistant Collector. The two witnesses examined identified some of the gang whom they had known and seen on several occasions travelling. Harku, the informant, gave further interesting evidence in connection with the *modus operandi* of thefts on the G. I. P. sections. The case is proceeding.

THE CALCUTTA POLICE BILL.

Another Protest.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, DECEMBER 15.

The Indian Association in course of a letter on the Police Bill once again strongly criticises its provisions and opposes the extension of the power of the Commissioner of Police to stop processions. The letter adds, "The Committee feels that to invest the Commissioner of Police with this power over what is a cherished and immemorial personal right would constitute a serious menace to the liberty of the subject."

PRESIDENCY OF CONGRESS.

List of Candidates.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, DECEMBER 15.

The following Congress bulletin was issued to-day to the General Secretaries to the following effect. The following names are proposed for the Presidentship:—Mr. Ganga Prasad Varma, (Lucknow); Mr. Daji Abaji Khare (Bombay); Pandit Madan Mohan Malavya (Allahabad); Mr. Gokhale (Poona); Mr. Sachidananda Sinha (Bankipur); Rao Bahadur R. N. Mudholker (Amraoti) and Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjee (Calcutta). Proceed to elect.

NOTES ON INDIAN INTERESTS.

THOUGHTS BY A NATIVE THINKER.

SIR P.M. MEHTA'S RESIGNATION.

THE resignation by Sir Pherozeshah Mehta of the office of President of the forthcoming Congress has taken the country by surprise. Speculation is rife as to the "combination of unexpected circumstances" which led to it. The Indian public is very curious to know the reasons, but Sir Pherozeshah has maintained hitherto perfect silence. Various reasons are, meanwhile, in circulation, and those emanating from the opposite camp are, as might have been expected, the reverse of complimentary. Unless there are considerations of overwhelming weight in favour of secrecy, it will be well for Sir Pherozeshah's own sake, that they should be divulged without further loss of time. His action is, otherwise, liable to misrepresentation by his enemies among the Extremists, who will be ready to put the worst construction upon it. However justifiable the step taken by him may be, there is keen regret in Congress circles that he should have considered it necessary. It is generally allowed that he could not have taken it lightly, or in a fit of humour. It is difficult to suppose that a public man of his standing and experience would, at the eleventh hour, fling away the great office to which he had been called by the suffrages of the Congress Committees, unless he was driven to his resolution by the force of inexorable circumstances. He must have clearly preceived its probable effect upon the fortunes of the next sessions of the Congress, and of the Congress generally as an institution. He must have seen that the confusion and embarrassment it would cause to his friends and supporters would be greeted with jubilation by the revolutionaries, who ardently desire the failure of the Congress. He must have seen that it would be most difficult, at the last moment, to get a suitable person to take his place. The interval between now and the date of the Congress is brief, and as the General Congress Committee will go from one likely person to another with the offer of the Presidentship. the interval will be still more reduced, and the difficulties will grow in proportion.

A GREAT OPPORTUNITY.

SIR PHEROZESHAH has missed a great opportunity. While we are on the threshold of a new era, he might have done as President of the Congress important service both to the Government and his country. He might have inspired his countrymen with hope for the future, and in spite of some obvious defects in the Regulations, might have hearkened them to co-operate with Government in a loyal, grateful spirit. His address might have served as the manifesto of the Moderates, as the authorized version of their creed and their principles. His voice might have been a trumpet-call for rallying together all true patriots, representing the forces of law and order, against violence, treason and fanaticism. He has a reputation for intellectual courage as well as for firmness and resolution; and while he might, in bold and unmistakeable terms, have emphasized the dissociation of the Congress from the ultra-radicals who refuse to accept its creed, he might have laid down rules and maxims for the guidance of his countrymen along the paths of order and progress. If ever a Congress sitting might have been so memorable, it was this one, held on the eve of the great constitutional reforms. Who knows whether the Congress will now be held at all this year? Alas, it has fallen on evil days and evil tongue.

AN IMPOSSIBLE UNION.

THE Extremists have all along been trying hard to force an entrance into the Congress, in the hope of moulding it eventually to their will. A huge effort was made by Lala Lajpat Rai, some months ago, to bring the two discordant elements together at the Lahore meeting. He issued an extensive manifesto, in which he had taken infinite pains to demonstrate the necessity for their union. He was unable apparently to see that it was impossible for two parties, differing altogether in principle as to the methods of their procedure, to unite for a common purpose. There is absolutely no bond of cohesion between the two. The split between them had been the result of their irreconcilable differences. These had, indeed, been patched up, three years ago, at Calcutta; concessions were made to the demand of the extreme left wing of the Congress and a decent show of unanimity was maintained. But it was a forced and artificial union, and it was not in the nature of things that it could last any length of time. The crisis came at Surat, the historical show was flung, and the Congress for that year was wrecked. Meanwhile, the rancour and hostility between the opposing sides has gone on increasing, and in the face of these circumstances, it is singular and surprising that Lala Lajpat Rai should have seriously thought of a coalition. The Lala himself poses as a Moderate, but he may be a Moderate after his own idea. A man is not a Moderate, simply because he chooses to style himself so. It may be that Lala Lajpat Rai and men of his way of thinking, foiled in their attempt to foist anti-constitutionalists on the Congress, have devised some other plan to hinder its success in Lahore, where the Lala wields great influence, and that Sir Pherozeshah's withdrawal was principally due to his apprehensions under this head.

THE CAMA MEMORIAL MEETING.

I WONDER why the Cama memorial meeting was convened by its promoters in the name of friends and admirers. It was presided over by H. E. the Governor, and was largely attended by the elite of the city, representing all classes of the public. The speakers celebrated the numerous virtues and manifold activities of Mr. Cama. They lauded him as a saint and a "guru" in the best sense of the term. They dwelt upon his exemplary life and conduct, extolling his sincerity, his veracity, his genuineness, and above all, his indomitable moral courage. They observed that such men in any place and in any community were rare and exceptional, and that when found, it was their duty humbly to honour and revere them, and after death, to cherish their memory. How was it then that in spite of such generous hero-worship, performed at a truly representative gathering of the citizens of Bombay, it should have been modestly styled as a meeting of friends and admirers? If the promoters wanted to imitate in this respect the modesty of the object of their reverence, who always shrink from self-advertisement, they did him less than justice. If it was meant by them to convey that the reputation of such a man of eminent piety and virtues had not travelled, in the course of over half a century of an active and fruitful life, beyond the limits of a small circle, it was a slur upon the intelligence of the public. It implied that the public was not capable of recognizing and appreciating the worth of such a one. The phrase, "friends and admirers," as employed in this country, has a dubious value. It is used in connection with persons who are considered to be not so worthy as to deserve a public memorial, and yet whom a small coterie of partisans wish to honour. Is Mr. Cama to be classed with such infinitely lesser notabilities? It is whispered that the organizers were afraid of a jarring note, if the meeting had been called in the name of the public. As a social and religious reformer, Mr. Cama aroused bitter antagonism in his early days among the ignorant and superstitious rabble, and the feeling then engendered seems to linger still in a mild form in a section of the community which chooses still to revel in darkness. I hear that the promoters, having apprehended some opposition from this quarter, had resorted to this device with the object of warding it off. I wish they had a share of the moral courage, which Sir George Clarke specially commended in the late Mr. Cama, to brave such an opposition, had it been offered. It would, in any case, have been futile and valueless.

VALUE OF ELECTORAL CONTESTS.

I JOIN with the general public in congratulating Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtulla on his return by an electorate of his own people to the Bombay Legislative Council. The struggle between him and his opponent, Mr. Currimbhoy Adamji Peerbhoy, was keen and even bitter, and the canvassing on both sides could not have been more zealous and energetic. But the passionate rivalry of the contestants lay well hidden beneath the sur-

fec, and the proceedings on the election day were marked by perfect decorum and unexceptionable manners. Mr. Ibrahim was unquestionably the better man of the two. Mr. Currimbhoy, although he is not quite new to public life, has yet to win his spurs. But I cannot agree with the writers in the vernacular Press, who say that when a tried veteran is in the field, the way should be made clear for him; and no opposition should be offered to him by any one. There are several good reasons why a contest should be welcomed, and its absence deplored. The Council must not be the monopoly of a chosen band. They must not be regarded as a close preserve within which no intruder might venture. Contest and competition are of the essence of popular Government. They afford an incentive to the candidates, to unfledged novices, as well as tried veterans. The idea that when Sir Oracle is in the field, all else should respectfully retire, is opposed to the very principle of representation. Contests, again, are likely to have a great educative effect on the electorate. They enable the voter to weigh and consider; they inspire him with a sense of responsibility; they infuse life and interest in the election, and in consequence in popular institutions. It is good that the inferior candidate should also be able to command votes, because he serves thereby to put his opponent on his mettle. If candidates were generally to have a walk over, if the elections were consequently to be insufferably tame and dull, a mere affair of proposing, seconding and returning the representative who stands unopposed, the value and significance of the whole proceeding would be seriously discounted. If public honours were to fall into one's lap like a ripe pear, without any effort or struggle, they will not evoke the keen appetite and the lively desire produced by the forbidden fruit, or the fruit that requires a lot of finding. Rather than that there should be uncontested elections, I should prefer the activities and the animated scenes associated with hustings and heckling in England. I fancy that the electors might be all the better for a few broken heads, and the candidates for an occasional salutation of rotten eggs and brick-bats. Not that these things are desirable in themselves. But interest, evinced even in such unpleasant forms, is better than torpid indifference producing a dull, lifeless, melancholy state of things.

DION.

PASTEUR INSTITUTE FOR EAST BENGAL.

Estimate of Cost.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, December 15.

A scheme is under consideration for the establishment of a Pasteur Institute for the new Province, to be located either at Shillong or Haflong. As regards the cost Colonial Semple estimates a capital cost of Rs. 40,000. His predecessor Captain Harvey, gives half this amount, viz Rs. 20,000. Other items of capital expenditure total Rs. 9,300. If funds permit a gas installation at a cost of Rs 6,000 would be very valuable. The recurring monthly expenditure, including pay of all subordinates and establishment, but not the director and his assistant, would amount to about Rs. 800 per mensem or Rs. 9,600 per annum. Therefore the total capital cost works out at about Rs. 35,000 with an annual revenue expenditure of Rs 9,600. The cost will, of course, vary to some extent with the site chosen.

REV. WILKIE BROWN.

Farewell Entertainment at Alibag.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALIBAG, December 15.

Yesterday Reverend Wilkie Brown, ex-Superintendent, High School, was entertained by Mr Keshvrao Bhat in the afternoon, and by Reverend Douglus in the evening. This morning a meeting was held in the High School to bid him farewell. Rao Saheb Subnis Shankarrao Vadya, Safre and others spoke. A ring was presented to Mr. Brown. He made a sympathetic reply. A song was sung by the girls. After the distribution of garlands flowers and attar, Mr. Brown left by the noon steamer for Jaulna.

CHAMPION BOXER MISSING.

Sought by a European Bailiff.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, December 15.

Mr. Jack Macauliffe, the well known middle and heavy weight champion boxer, has been missing since Saturday morning. He was last seen in his quarters on Friday night by his landlord, Mr. R.C. Macdonald, to whom he said that he would be shortly leaving for Puri to recruit his health. There is a body warrant against Macauliffe for a debt to a hotel-keeper and a European bailiff has made a search for him. The police so far have not received any intimation of Macauliffe's sudden departure. It is suggested that he has departed as a temporary measure to Kidderpore to evade the service of the civil warrants out against him.

A PLANTATION QUARREL.

European Charged with Homicide.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, December 15.

At the High Court Sessions to-day, before Mr. Justice Holmwood and a European jury, T. J. Edwards, a European, was put on his trial on a charge of culpable homicide, by causing the death of one Radhna. The accused was living in a hut at Parbaligaon in the Dibrugarh district, Assam, with one Harrison. The deceased who owned a small sugarcane plantation also lived in the same locality. On the 8th of August the accused went to a liquor shop through the deceased's garden, and destroyed a few plants. The deceased next day went to accused's hut and abused him and Harrison came out and there was mutual recrimination. The deceased assaulted Harrison. A scuffle then ensued between the accused and the deceased, in which the accused inflicted injuries on the deceased with a razor, from the effects of which he died. The trial is proceeding.

CHOWPATI SEA FACE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—Would it be amiss to mention the fact, that as our old popular resort, viz. the Kennedy Sea Face, Chowpati, is now on the verge of undergoing certain changes and improvements that the Corporation Committees of the Bombay Municipality, has overlooked one important need. Will no one agree with me in acknowledging that the Chowpati Khote-Footpaths are but meagrely lit up in the evening, so much so that one invariably runs the risk of falling foul of one another? When a favorite spot like it is so much appreciated, should not our Municipality do something in the matter of lighting up the foot-paths? I would suggest to those concerned that the Corporation should sanction some special lights to be used. Should this suggestion of mine be not approved by them, may I propose that at all events they put up efficient lamps, such as those, we have now on the road leading from Lord Sandhurst's statue down to the Band Stand. The present lamps have been removed from the foot-path side.—Yours, &c.

FRAMROZE A. DUBASH.

Girgaum, Dec. 15.

DACOITIES IN BENGAL.

Another Reported from Serampore.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, December 15.

Another dacoity having a strong political complexion is reported from Atishaorah in the Serampore sub-division. On the night of 13th instant a woman of Atishaorah was sleeping in her room with her daughter and granddaughter when dacoits commenced battering the door with axes, and entering the room gagged the complainant's daughter and threatened her with personal violence if on alarm was raised. The dacoits were about 10 or 12 in number, dressed as Bengali Babus, armed with axes, lathis and burning torches. They wore false whiskers to avoid detection. They spoke both in English and Bengali. The dacoits ransacked a box, wooden chests and decamped with cash and jewellery valued at about Rs. 200.

As this appears to be a political dacoity, the matter is under investigation of both the Bengal Police and the Criminal Investigation Department. No arrests have been made.

ALLEGED ASSAULT ON THE HIGH SEA.

Arrest of Accused in Calcutta.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, December 15.

On Tuesday in pursuance of a telegram received from Captain MacGregor of the "City of Edinburgh," a few days ago, Inspector Chamberlain, of the second division of the Port Police, arrested one Sheik Imatulla and three other firemen of the "City of Edinburgh" on her arrival in port under the following alleged circumstances.

It would appear that on the 16th October last when the vessel was on her way to England and after she had passed Gibraltar, Second Engineer, W. Frame, went at about 10-30 p.m. into the stoke hole and remonstrated with the firemen for not keeping the fire well on and thereby permitting the steam to drop, and while Mr. Frame was looking at one of the fire holes the first accused jumped on his back and embracing him round with his arms called out to the three other accused who came and with kicks and blows they hammered him. The Engineer managed to free himself and escape. He reported the matter to Mr. Harvey, his Chief, who in turn brought the incident to the notice of Captain MacGregor who logged the men on arrival of the vessel in England. The matter was reported to the police, but owing to the short stay of the vessel there, the Commander was advised to put the case into hands of the Calcutta Police. On arrival of the vessel to this port the Commander sent a wire from Madras on which Inspector Chamberlain has acted. The men were arrested and will be placed before the Magistrate on a charge of causing hurt.

BANK OF BURMA CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, December 15.

To-day before Mr. F. D. Bird further hearing was resumed of the second case in which F. L. V. Joyce, late Manager, Bank of Burma, Madras Branch, stands charged with criminal breach of trust and misappropriation of three sums, Rs. 128, Rs. 161-6-9 and Rs. 129-13-8, the first item being godown rent alleged to have been recovered from Rajaram Lala and the Mercantile Bank of India, respectively. Manickam Moodelly, Accountant of the Bank, was examined with reference to the items connected with the above transactions and his examination in chief occupied nearly the whole forenoon.

DEATH OF AN OLD CALCUTTA RESIDENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, December 15.

I regret to announce the death in General Hospital, this morning, of Mr. John Horne, one of the oldest European residents of Calcutta and one of the best-known men in Bengal. Mr. Horne, who had reached the age of seventy had been in ill-health for some months and was suffering from diabetes. He managed to go about as usual however, and no one immagined that he was at all in a serious condition until yesterday morning. He was at all in a serious condition until yesterday morning. We was suddenly attached by choleric diarrhœa. He was removed to the General Hospital where every care was taken of him, but his strength had been undermined and he gradually sank and died about two o'clock this morning.

DEMONSTRATIONS STOPPED IN KOLABA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BURMAA, December 15.

The Magistrate of Kolaba, under Section 12 of the Bombay District Act (1890), has Issued an Order directing that no procession or meeting should be held in Mahad, which Mr Paranjpe, Editor of "Kal," intends to visit

CAPTAIN'S CLAIMS FOR WAGES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, December 15.

In the claim for the recovery of Rs. 3,000, being damages for wrongful dismissal and wages, by Captain Thompson of the s.s. "Tanglin" against the owners of the steamer "Justice Ormond," after hearing Mr. Greening, the plaintiff's advocate, the Court has rejected the prayer to try the matter as one under Admiralty jurisdiction.

The plaintiff was referred to a Civil Court. The amount of wages claimed being only Rs. 580, the action did not fall within the Admiralty's jurisdiction.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, December 15.

The 14th Sikhs are being sent from Quetta to Killa Robat on the Perso-Baluch Border. Similar movements have been made in previous years, with a view to stopping gun-running by short cuts to the lower Helmand.

The 130th Baluchis move from Chaman to Hyderabad to replace the 128th Baluchis, who have proceeded to Somaliland. The 129th move from Karachi to Chaman.

FLORILINE:—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline, sprinkled on a wet tooth brush, produce a pleasant lather which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline" being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs is declicious to the taste and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers, Wholesale Dept. 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice D. Davar.

Re MAGANLAL MADHAOJI AND OTHERS.

Mr. Ardeshir Kapadia, for the insolvents, applied for six weeks' extension of time to file the schedule. The learned counsel said that mehtas were engaged in the office of the Official Assignee to make up the accounts.

His Lordship granted one month.

Re KUNJBIHARI RABINARAYEN AND OTHERS.

The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Setalwad, for a creditor, appeared in support of a rule of the 20th October last, calling upon the insolvents to show cause why the order for the revocation of the order of adjudication should not be set aside. The learned counsel said that his client was a creditor and revocation order was obtained on the ground that the insolvents had settled with his creditors.

Mr. Raikes appeared for the first four insolvents and showed cause against the rule.

His Lordship discharged the rule and ordered the applicant to pay the costs of the rule.

Re De MATRICOPUTO.

Mr. Lang, for the insolvent, applied for and obtained three months' extension of the interim order.

Re WILFRED FERNELL.

On the application of Mr. Naik, the insolvent was granted two months' extension of the interim order.

Re CHATURBHUJ GORDHAN.

Mr. Mankar appeared for a creditor and Mr. Ardeshir Kapadia for the insolvent; and his Lordship ordered the opposition of the insolvent to be taken on the file.

Re MEHERJIBHOY PALLONJI SHROFF AND ANOTHER.

Mr. Kolaskar, for the insolvents, applied for and obtained an extension of the interim order.

Re THAKARLAL DESAI.

Mr. Mankar, for the insolvent, applied for and obtained an interim order.

Re PRANVALABH DAYALDAS.

Mr. Kolaskar, for the insolvent, applied for leave to serve notices and to amend the schedule.

His Lordship granted the application.

Re BRIJLAL NATHU.

Mr. Ardeshir Kapadia, for the insolvent, applied for and obtained the usual interim order.

Re AYUB ELIAS.

Mr. Mankar, for the insolvent, applied for a rule nisi for the withdrawal of the insolvent's petition. The learned counsel said that the insolvent had nearly settled with all his creditors. His Lordship granted the rule.

Re NADARSHAH ERACHSHAH.

Mr. Ardeshir Kapadia, for the insolvent, applied for and obtained three months' extension of the interim order.

Re HARIRAM SHRIRAM.

Mr. Ardeshir Kapadia for the insolvent obtained two months' extension of the interim order with leave to amend the schedule.

DISCHARGES.

The following insolvents received their discharges:—

Pandurang Madhowji; Shaikali Mahomedi; Arthur Fenwick; Esufali Abdul Tyeb; Harjiwandas Hathiram; Madhu Pandu and others; Laxman Naran; Kumbatkar Anandrao; Judah Shalome; Gordhandas Meghji; Pandurang Chintaman; Cursetji Jamsetji Chandana; Mahomed Enus Kazi; Meghji Ranchod; Bhogilal Jamnadas; Kadarbhoy Noorbhoy; Khima Hardas; Bhimprasad Madhavram; Umreth Ganpat; Mulji Vardhar; Shaik Ismail Shaik Zinatale and Bejnath Gokuldas.

Re MANEKJI PESTONJI TALATI.

In the matter of Manekji Pestonji Talati, Mr. D. N. Bahadurji and Mr. Rustom D. N. Wadia, Barristers-at-law, instructed by Messrs. Ardeshir Hormusji and Dinshaw, appeared for the insolvent; while Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Barrister-at-law, instructed by Messrs. Wadia, Ghandy, and Co., was for the opposing creditor, Zaveri Abhechand Gokuldas. The insolvent was formerly a partner in the firm of Talati and Co., of Bombay, which had recently become insolvent.

Manekji Pestonji Talati, cross-examined by Mr. Jinnah, said, he came to Bombay, about the 26th August last. When he received a telegram that the firm in Bombay had filed a petition he then first learnt that it was in insolvent circumstances. When he left Bombay for China in October 1906, he knew that the firm was in monetary difficulties. He was sent to China by his partners to sell the goods that had accumulated there and send them the sale proceedings, so that their difficulties might be obviated. The Banks at Shanghai had taken possession of the goods and had put their locks on the godowns three months before he reached there. When he went there he did nothing. He was ill when he left Bombay and when he saw this state of affairs at Shanghai he became worse. He did not then interfere with the business. He knew nothing of what was done. After his arrival the manager carried on business and sold goods in consultation with the Banks. He reached Shanghai on the 21st November 1906 and returned to Bombay in August 1909. He did not know how the business at Shanghai was conducted. The manager might have consulted him at times. He did everything himself but if there was anything to consult about he would do so. He and the assistants attended to business; there was scarcely any necessity of giving instructions to the manager, when he (the witness) found the state of affairs there. Witness had been resident of Shanghai for about 35 years. When the firm got into difficulties he did not like to show his face to Chinese merchants. He stayed mostly at home. The Bank had taken charge of all their goods, both yarn and opium. The firm had nothing in hand, and the Bank sold in consultation with the firm's manager. Witness gave no instructions to the manager, because there was nothing about which instructions were needed. He attended office very seldom, twice or thrice a month, to see any merchants who might wish to see him. This was not in connection with business. He did not go to office for the purpose of attending to business; the man who attended to business was there. The manager attended to the correspondence of the firm and not the witness. Witness never asked the manager as to what was passing between the Shanghai and Bombay offices. The manager was Jehangir Master. He did not stay there till every thing there of the firm was closed. When he left, the firm was in charge of witness and one Ardeshir Cowasji Patell, who was sent from Bombay by the partners as assistant to the manager. Jehangir Master left three or four months after witness's arrival in Shanghai. Patell was witness' nephew and had been working in the Bombay firm for three or four years. When Master left the business was attended to by Patell. Witness did not interfere with Patell in the management of the business, because in the first place there was nothing left to do, and in the second, if there was anything to do, Patell was able to do it.

The witness had given Patel power to sign for the firm. The letters written from Shanghai in 1907 were with a few exceptions signed by the witness. Before he signed them Patel sometimes gave him particulars regarding the same and sometimes the witness glanced over them. The profit and loss account of the Shanghai firm was sent to Bombay with a letter, dated 29th October, 1907. Both the letter and the account were signed by the witness.

The matter was then adjourned.

POLICE NEWS.

PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATES' COURTS. ESPLANADE.

Before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad, Third Presidency Magistrate.

THEFT OF TELEGRAPH STAMPS.

Inspector Sullivan, of the Criminal Investigation Department, charged C. E. Adams, aged eighteen, an operator in the Government Telegraph Office, on a complainant made by Mr. Leslie, Superintendent of Telegraphs, with the theft as a servant of telegraph stamps, valued at about Rs. 215.

The charge against the accused was that he stole the stamps on three separate occasions and sold them to a Mahomedan stamp collector for about Rs. 9. The accused pleaded guilty to the charges. His Worship sentenced him to one day's simple imprisonment on each charge and to pay a fine of Rs. 40, Rs. 20 and Rs. 30. Adams was further charged with the theft of two stamps attached to messages which the evidence showed the accused sold to a stamp collector for Rs. 3-2. The accused pleaded guilty to this charge also and was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 20.

MAZAGON.

Before Mr. P. H. Dastur Second Presidency Magistrate.

ROBBING A BOY.

His Worship disposed of the case in which Detective Inspector Narayan Rao charged Narbheram Ganda, a Hindu boy, aged fifteen, with stealing, and Madhevji Velji, an old offender, with possessing and disposing of a gold neck ornament of the value of Rs. 126 from the person of a Hindu boy. The complaint was that on the 11th instant a Hindu boy, son of one Odhowji Mitha, was playing in front of his house at Mandvi, when the two accused went up to him. The first accused removed the ornament from the boy's neck and gave it to the second accused and they both left. The second accused broke the ornament and pledged the pieces with three different Marwarees. Both the accused pleaded guilty. As the first accused was a juvenile offender his Worship ordered him to receive fifteen stripes. The second accused, who had a record of two previous convictions, was sentenced to undergo five months' rigorous imprisonment.

ARRIVALS.

Per s. s. "Arabia," Dec. 17.

The P. and O. Company's mail steamer "Arabia," which is expected to arrive in Bombay on Friday from England, brings the following passengers:—

FROM LONDON.

Atkinson, Mrs E H de V and child
Ackworth, Mr E C B
Bannerman, Mrs S H
Bowater, Maj F H
Bowater, Mrs
Bennett, Mrs C J
Bennett, Miss D
Benskin, Mr E
Butterworth, Mr G S
Bradford, Mr J H P
Baumgartner, Mr R J
Crawford, Mrs J H P
Carroll, Mrs and infant
Cole, Mr M
Cheese, Miss
Carr, Mr J
Crooke, Mrs
Donovan, Capt
Davis, Mr L E
Dickin, Miss
Dickson, Mr J M
D'Monte, Dr Mrs C
Eyres, Mrs L B
Frewin, Miss
Goldspink, Mr H P
Goldspink, Mr H
Guest, Mrs Geo and 4 children
Hall, Miss D J
Hopkinson, Mr C
Henderson, Miss S D
Hammer, Mrs
Jamieson, Mr G D T
Jefferies, nurse A E
Jones, Mrs O
Kerr, Miss
Lakem, Mrs C S and Miss
Leslie, Brother
Leslie, Mrs M
Larcom, Sir Thomas
Latta, Mr J T
Mighani, Mr K C
McIver, Mr K P G
Mc Kerrow, Miss T
Moore, Staff Sergt W and Mrs
Manga, Mr S M
Mason, Mr A C P
Maxim, Miss N
Mokadum, Mr B P
Olive, Miss J
Perfect, Miss G
Perfect, Miss E
Pipon, Mrs P J C and infant
Price, Mrs
Ridsdale, Mr C
Riddish, Mr S J and 2 infants
Repton, Mrs E R
Ramsay, Capt
Saunders, Mr John
Schryder, Miss
Stevenson, Miss
Smith, Mr Fred
Steward, Miss
Steward, Miss D
St George, Miss
Spilsbury, Mr L B and Mrs
Turnoy, Miss O
Thomas, Mr A and Mrs
Truman, Miss
Tatton, Mr R H
Vidal, Mr H S G
Wilson, Revd R
Weber, Mrs
Weber, Miss
Walden, Miss
Wells, Mrs R G
Wade, Miss

FROM MARSEILLES.

Sister Florence
Sister Louise
McCausland, Mr G H and Mrs
Woodruffe, Capt J S
Smeeth, Mr A P
Osler, Mr J T and Mrs
McMeikin, Mr J
Maltby, Mr B
Henderson, Mrs J and Miss
Ackworth, Mrs E C B
Omeara, Revd E H and Mrs
Hoskin, Mr A F
Aldham, Mr W C
Dickie, Mr J B
Davis, Mr J G Mrs and infant
Powell, Miss
Dalal, Mr G K
Fowler, Mrs C
Sykes, Mrs and Miss
Wallace, Mr R
Elliott, Mr R H
Elliott, Hon Mrs
Rolmer, Coste de
Rolmer, Mrs
Gregson, Mr C B
Deakin, Mr W H and Mrs
Morrison, Mr W
Das, Mr S C and Miss S
Tayler, Capt E M and Mrs
Truninger, Mrs L
Marshall, Mr P
O'Reilly, Mr J J
Ware, Mrs W
Joliffe, Mr S V
Waller, Mr F J
Richards, Capt W V, Mrs and infant
Stratton, Mrs
Rammell, Miss E L
Beaumont, Miss
Montgomery, Mr G F
Stevens, Mr C F and Mrs
King, Mr C M and Mrs
Owen, Mr O G
Medland, Mr J W
Baird, Capt P C
Barbour, Mr R and Mrs
Sanderson, Mr H
Prickard, Mr G
Ashburnman, Mrs
Yerbery, M D, Miss J
Bannatyne, Capt N C
Paget, Lady Muriel and friend
Croft, Mrs
Sharpe, Mr H A and Mrs
Temple Pattersons, Mrs
Christie, Mr J F
James, Mr E F
Laird, Mr Geo
Chancellor, Mr H St V
Pugh, Mrs L P and 2 infants
Aderji, Mr R
Mackenzie, Mr R T A
Gale, Capt A
Jones, Miss Catherine
Jaldecott, Lt A H
Santell, Revd W A
Santell, Miss Lillian
Bilgrami, Hon Syed Hussain
Wallace, Mr R
Bilgrami, Mr S M F
Herbert, Mr V A
Grumburgh, Mr F
Oliphant, Mr J M
Oliphant, Mr J
Marshall, Mr L and Miss
Veroff, Mr
Jacson, Mr E G
Sawyer, Capt V
Stevens, Mrs F W
Catterall, Mr J B
Carpenter, Mr J B
Davies, Mr W
Bell, Miss Beatson
Inalis, Mr D M and Mrs
Russell, Miss
Langley, Mr G E D
Kendell, Mr R
Kilkelly, Maj P P
Kilkelly, Mrs and 2 infants
Maquire, Miss
Barkunth, Mr J T
Cory, Capt J B
Ash, Mr W C
Martin, Mrs E S
Wulster, Mrs H G
Ahamed, Mr A U
Ghandy, Mr S K
Crookshank, Mr C K
Crookshank, Mrs and infant
Mahomed, Mr G
White, Mr W B
De Gale, Lt W A S
Haigh, Miss M
Hewitt, Miss A
Khambata Dr R B
Baumgartner, Mrs J d'A and 2 children
Bhumgura, Mr J S
Carna, Mr S K R
Fergusson, Mr M
Dalerij, Mr
Khara, Mr D A and Mrs
Mushram, Mr S
Quinlan, Mr D
Dawson, Mr W H
Russell, Miss

FROM BRINDISI.

Ranger, Mr G O
Clarke, Mr R L H
Chapman, Mr J A
Orr, Mr C R
Farnivall, Capt W

FROM PORT SAID.

Samson, K C V, Sir Felix
Samson, Lady
Goyer, Mr G B
Mac Leod, Mr N F
Calvocorfessi, Mr G
Edie, Mr D C H and Mrs

FOR KARACHI.

Barker, Mr P L Mrs and 3 children
Cox, Mrs A B
Wilton, Mrs and Miss
Windham, Mr A H
Palmer, Miss F
Beaumont, Mrs and Miss
Donovan, Mrs M
Crauch, Mrs H M
Wright, Mr H
Harrison, Mr G J
White, Mr C W and Mrs
Dees, Mr A
Weber, Mr H G
Lang, Mis

FOR MAHAMMERAH.

Holland, Mr L B
Holland, Mr A B

FOR RANGOON.

Edwards, Mr W S
Richardson, Mr P W and Mrs

FOR HONGKONG.

De Prez, Mr J G and Mrs
De Prez, Mr W H and Mrs
Pott, Miss E
Crossley, Mrs M A
Grabb, Mrs S G

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin, writes Lady Constance Howard, Countess of Westmeath says: "It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial luxury for the Toilet Bath and Nursery and leaves the skin in a pure refreshed and healthy condition. Delicately perfumed, Chemists, Grocers, etc., sell it.

SPORTING NEWS.

YACHT CLUB RACES.

Programme for Saturday.

The following Races will be sailed on Saturday, 18th December.

A. Class.—Start at 3-30 p.m. Course.—Committee Vessel to Tucker Beacon, thence to mark Buoy, thence to Committee Vessel leaving all marks to starboard, thence to North Karanja Buoy leaving it to Port, thence to Committee Vessel. Distance 11·55 miles.

B. Class.—Start at 3-40 p.m. Course.—Committee Vessel to Sunk Rock thence to South Karanja Buoy, thence to Mark Buoy, to Committee Vessel leaving all marks to Port, thence to South Troopship Buoy, thence to Middle Ground Buoy leaving both marks to Port and thence to Committee Vessel. Distance 9·27 miles.

C. Class.—Start at 3-50 p.m. Course—Committee Vessel to Tucker Beacon, thence to Mark Buoy leaving both marks to starboard, thence to North Karanja Buoy to Port, thence Committee Vessel. Distance 8·16 miles.

Ships' Boats.—Start at 3-15 p.m. Course—Committee Vessel to South Karanja Buoy, thence to North Karanja Buoy leaving both marks to port, thence to Committee Vessel. Distance 8·45 miles.

MR. JOHN ROBERTS AT THE GYMKHANA.

Mr. John Roberts played a second match last evening at the Bombay Gymkhana with Mr. H. H. Hessling and as before again won 1,000 up, the amateur receiving 600. Neither player was in quite his best form, but towards the end of an interesting match Mr. John Roberts playing an open game put on 154 and broke down at the simple common. The game ended in his favour with the points standing at 1,000—904.

Mr. Roberts' principal brakes were 83, 118, 59, 61, 59, 154; Mr. Hessling's best brakes were 45, 21, 24, 25.

At the end of the game Mr. Roberts gave a clever exhibition of Brick billiards.

VICEROY'S CUP BETTING.

Three Horses Non-Starters.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, December 15.

In connection with the Trials and Viceroy's Cup, there has been very little betting to-day, and prices are almost the same except for Master Dalaval and Coat of Arms which have been backed at long prices.

Neith has broken down, and is a sure non-starter for the Viceroy's Cup. Pelargonium II has also met with an accident, while trying to get out of one of the racecourse gates and is regarded also as a non-starter. Both Bantok and Wandin are also reported of doubtful soundness. Soultline becomes a good favourite.

THE AMERICA CUP.

Securely locked away in some safe deposit vault in this city is a curious old silver cup, which shows in the fantastic crudity of its design all the earmarks of that Victorian age in which it was fashioned. Its cash value is stated to be five hundred dollars; which may be taken to be its probable value if melted up for the silver that is in it. Of no worth as an object of art, the cup is to-day probably the best known, as it was once the most eagerly sought-after prize in the world of international sport. Won over half a century ago by the epoch-making schooner "America" it has been the object of most strenuous competition, and has caused the expenditure of millions of dollars by yachtsmen on both sides of the Atlantic. With a persistency which is characteristic of the race, the British have sailed yacht after yacht over the ocean, in the hope of taking the "America's" cup back to English waters, and transferring the scene of future contests to those shores off which the "America" won her famous victory.

The effect of the "America" cup contests on the development of the sailing yacht, particularly in the later years, has been to produce a craft of such extreme proportions—vast sail spread, fragile hull and spars, and excessive draft—as to render her useless for ordinary cruising, and fit only for the marine "graveyard" and the junk pile. Truly a most amazing statement; but fully guaranteed by the fact that during the past decade no less than six challengers and defenders for the cup, costing altogether probably not less than a million and a half dollars, have been broken up and sold for old metal.

As far as the records of this half century of contests go, they have consisted of an unbroken string of victories for the American yacht; and the British must get what consolation they can out of the fact that the American designers, in their efforts to hold the cup, have had to forego the characteristic centerboard-hull and sloop rig, and come over to the English deepkeel and the cutter rig. The successive defeats of recent years have convinced the English yacht designers that they must abandon all hope of outbuilding and outsailing the American defending yacht, so long at least as there is no restriction upon lightness of hull and size of sail spread.

Some years ago our own yachtsmen and those of France, Germany, and England came to the conclusion that the time was ripe for making such changes in the rules of measurement as would modify, or control, those extremes of construction which have rendered the racing yacht an unseaworthy, unwieldy, and outrageously expensive craft to build and maintain in commission. Both here and abroad new rules have been adopted, which have resulted in the production of yachts that are in average weather as fast as the "freak" boats, and at the same time are suited for the average summer cruising. Sir Thomas Lipton, the most persistent of all contestants for the "America's" cup, has been told by the English designers that they are unable to build a yacht under the old rule for which they can give an assurance of any likelihood of success in the contests off Sandy Hook. They claim that a boat built of sufficient staunchness to take the chances of a stormy Atlantic crossing cannot complete with a craft which during her season's sailing never has to venture out of sight of land, and does most of her racing in the sheltered waters of Long Island Sound and within a few hours' sail of the yard in which she was built. To this the reply has been made that, since the English yacht is towed across, carrying a reduced rig, the danger of her foundering in heavy weather is eliminated.

The writer once put it squarely to Mr. William Fife, designer of two of the challengers, whether he considered the ocean crossing to be a handicap. After a few moments thought he replied "Theoretically, no; but actually yes; and this for the reason that how ever keen a yacht designer may be in his desire to cut down weights, his humanitarian instincts will remind him that the lives of over a score of men are to be committed to that shell, to take the chances of a three weeks' crossing of the Atlantic." Be that as it may, the fact remains that the British have frankly acknowledged themselves beaten, under the present rules, in contests between yachts of unrestricted lightness, and Sir Thomas Lipton is in our midst to-day requesting that the New York Yacht Club sanction an "America" cup contest under their own new rule, under which for some years their regattas have been held.

The New York Yacht Club contends that since the "America" cup stands for the fastest yacht that can be built, and since it has been proved that the fastest yacht can be built under the old rule: therefore for "America" cup contest the old rule is the proper one to sail under—and there can be no doubt that technically the attitude of the Club is correct. At the same time, we believe that under the present Deed of Gift the challengers and defenders may mutually agree to make certain changes in conditions if they so wish. All the same, we would suggest that, since racing for the "America" cup under existing conditions is at an end; and since, after all, the cup is merely an emblem of the sport, and it is the sport and not the cup that is the ultimate object of yacht racing, it might be as well to make a sufficient modification of the old rule to encourage the yachtsman, not merely of Great Britain but of that other great yachting nation, Germany, to make a try for the famous old trophy.—"The Scientific American."

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, December 15.

The disturbance has given nearly general rain in the West of the United Provinces, the Punjab, and the North-West Frontier Provinces, and a local precipitation in Kashmir, while a few isolated falls have occurred in the central parts of the country. Paincipal amounts are: Meerut, one and a half inches; Muktesar and Dehra Dun, one; Chakrata, two; Ambala and Lahore, three quarters; Ludhiana and Peshawar, one; Sialkote, three; Cheerat, four; Rawalpindi and Sonemarg, two. Conditions are becoming normal in the plains, but are still disturbed in Kashmir. The day temperature is very low over the North-West of India, Jodhpur, Bikaner and Peshawar, each reporting a maximum of more than sixteen degrees in defect. As skies are now clearing the night temperatures are also likely to fall rapidly.

Forecast:—Some precipitation is probable in Kashmir.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 15TH DECEMBER.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 15th December, 1909, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—General rain has fallen; Rawalpindi has received 2·35", Lahore 0·69", Ambala 0·73", Delhi 0·36" and Multan 0·47". Skies are only lightly clouded in the south-west Punjab but moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal at Multan but in excess elsewhere. Maximum temperature is low, being from 12° to 16° in defect; the minimum is high in the submontane districts.

The United Provinces.—Agra records 0·40" of rain and Mainpuri and Allahabad have had very light falls. Skies are only lightly to moderately clouded. The air is damper in the west United Provinces. Day temperature is below normal in the area of rainfall; night temperature is generally in excess.

Sind and Rajputana.—Cloud has decreased and skies are now only lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity remains in excess. Maximum temperature is only in slight defect in Sind but in moderate to large defect in Rajputana the minimum has fallen and is now normal.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or only lightly clouded. The air remains damper. Day temperature continues in defect; night temperature has fallen and is also in defect in north Gujarat.

The Central Provinces.—Nagpur reports 0·27" of rain and Chanda 0·33". Cloud has decreased and skies are now moderately clouded in Berar and lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess. Maximum temperature is normal but the minimum is everywhere high.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air is generally damper. Temperature is nearly normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear in the south Bombay Deccan and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in slight excess. Maximum temperature is normal; the minimum is higher than usual at most stations.

General Remarks.—The deep depression which lay round Bikaner yesterday has moved into the hills of upper India and has again caused widespread rain in the Punjab and the adjacent districts of the United Provinces, the precipitation in the extreme north being again heavy. Local rain has fallen also in the eastern half of the Central Provinces. Skies continue heavily clouded in the extreme north but are clearing elsewhere in northern and central India. Day temperature is low in north-west India.

Local rain is probable in the submontane districts of the Punjab.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

MADRAS WATER WORKS.

First Sod for Filter Beds Cut

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, December 15.

The ceremony of cutting the first sod for the new filter beds of the Madras Water Works was performed on Friday by Mr. S. S. Lloyd, President of the Corporation, with a silver spade, presented by the Contractor, Mr. A. Subramanya Iyer. The work thus initiated is to cost Rs. 7,12,000, and consists of 14 filter beds, covering in all an area of 280,000 square feet. Through these beds will be passed a water-supply sufficient for a population of 660,000 persons, each consuming 25 gallons per 24 hours. The essential portion of each filter is a sand bed 2½ feet deep, supported on one foot of gravel. The water passing downwards through the sand and gravel will be conveyed by pipes to the filter water reservoirs.

THE BOMBAY SAFE DEPOSIT CO.

The second ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the above Company was held yesterday afternoon at the registered office of the Company, Home Street, Fort, Bombay, Sir Sassoon David Kt. presiding.

The directors' reported stated:—Your directors have the pleasure to lay before you their report on the progress of the Company for the year ended 30th September 1909, together with the audited balance sheet for the same period. The last report referred to the building operations and the steelwork for the safe deposit. It was not deemed advisable to start fitting in the steelwork and safes while the rains lasted and advantage was taken of the delay to introduce certain improvements in the construction as suggested by the makers; the result is that the steelwork of the safe deposit is proof against the very latest devices and appliances of burglars. The English mechanics have arrived and the construction work is being rapidly completed, so that the Directors hope to open the deposit to the public early in the ensuing year. Special measures were adopted in building the masonry work of the basement and your Directors are glad to report that the safe deposit is successfully protected against damp.

The directors' report together with the audited balance sheet for the year ending 30th September 1909 was adopted. Messrs Gordhand as Khattau and Fazalbhoy Currimbhoy Ebrahim were re-elected directors; and Messrs A. F. Fergusson and Co. were reappointed auditors on a remunaration of Rs. 100. A vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the business.

TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS



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THE LADIES' CORNER.

MAX BEERBOHM AS A MORALIST.

The cartoons which Mr. Max Beerbohm is exhibiting at the New English Art Club, would scarcely lead one to expect the subdued and sober air which occasionally betrays itself in his latest book of essays, "Yet Again." It is never wise to remark the passing years but one may surely be grateful if they have mellowed the elfin sprightliness to an even more humane wit and kindly satire and the skill is surer than ever. There must be few subjects upon which "Max" could not concoct a charming essay in the depths of his armchair. A most pathetic essay in this book entitled "A Study in Dejection," turns out to be a monologue or elegy on a second-hand rocking-horse and his efforts to extract sympathy for a much travelled hat-box from which a desecrating locksmith has removed the labels, the Odyssey of his travels, would draw a smile from a stone. But "Max" the moralist on the gracelessness of the modern young woman is most entertaining. "To sit perfectly mute in 'company' or to chatter on at the top of one's voice; to shriek with laughter to fling oneself into a room and dash oneself out of it; to collapse on chairs or sofas; to sprawl across tables; to slam doors; to write, without punctuation, notes that only an expert in handwriting could read and only an expert in miss-spelling could understand; to hustle, to bounce, to go straight ahead—to be, let us say, perfectly natural in the midst of an artificial civilisation is an ideal which the young ladies of to-day are neither publicly nor privately discouraged from cherishing. The word 'cherishing' implies a softness of which they are not guilty. I hasten to substitute 'pursuing.' "If these young ladies were not in the aforesaid midst of an artificial civilisation, I should be the last to discourage their pursuit. If they were Amazons, for example, spending their lives beneath the sky, in tilth of stubborn fields, and in armed conflict with fierce men, it would be unreasonable to expect of them any sacrifice to the Graces."

CULTIVATING THE GRACES.

"But they are exposed to no such hardships. They have a really very comfortable sort of life. Girls ought not to be allowed as they are to run wild. So soon as they have lost the natural grace of childhood they should be initiated into that course of artificial training through which their grandmothers passed before them and in virtue of which their grandmothes were pleasing. This will not, of course, ensure husbands for them all; but it will certainly tend to increase the number of marriages. Nor is it primarily for that sociological reason that I plead for a return to the old system of education. I plead for it first and last, on æsthetic grounds. Let the Graces be cultivated for their own sweet sake."

CLUB CONVERSATION.

In an essay on a club in ruins he moralises on vanished and present-day clubmen. I reviewed the gaping, glassless windows through which they had been wont to watch the human comedy. There they had stood, puffing their smoke and cracking their jests, and tearing women's reputations to shreds. Not that, personally, I have ever heard a woman's reputation torn to shreds in a club window. A constant reader of lady novelists, I have always been hoping for this excitement, but somehow it has never come my way I am beginning to suspect that it never will, and am inclined to regard it as a figment. Such conversation as I have heard in clubs has been always of a mild perfunctory kind. A social club (even though it be a club with a definite social character) is a collection of heterogeneous creatures, and its aim is perfect harmony and good fellowship. Thus any definite expression of opinion by a member is regarded as dangerous. The ideal clubman is he who looks genial and says nothing at all. Most Englishmen find little difficulty in conforming with this ideal. They belong to a silent race. Social clubs therefore, flourish in England. "I crave in them a little freedom of speech even though such freedom were their ruin. I long for their silence to be broken here and there, even though such breakage broke them with it."

INDIAN COTTON SPINNING.

ABSTRACT STATEMENT of the QUANTITY (in pounds) of YARN Spun.

Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in September 1909, compared with the corresponding period of 1907 and 1908. (Compiled in the Commercial Intelligence Department, India, from accounts rendered by millowners under the terms of the Cotton Duties Act, II of 1896).

	Month of September.		
	1907	1906	1909
British India			
Bombay	39069149	39689387	31307191
Madras	3108138	3080404	3445549
Bengal	4077121	4292740	3182888
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh (also Ajmer-Merwara).	2468291	3079886	3144293
Punjab	1001822	847377	807640
Central Provinces and Berar	2258441	2360347	2397316
Total	52451963	53151145	42084172
Foreign Territory.			
Native States of Indore, Mysore, Baroda, Nandgaon, Bhavnagar, Hyderabad, Wadhwan, Quilon, Kishengarh & Ujjain and Pondicherry (a)	2084303	2288155	2688294
Grand Total	54566266	55439300	45772467

(a) Including the production of one mill only from Apr 1909.

ABSTRACT STATEMENT of the QUANTITY of WOVEN GOODS Produced.

N.B.—The weight in pounds represents the weight of all woven goods; the measure in yards represents the equivalent of the weight of the grey goods alone, but coloured piece goods are included in the yardage for 1906-07 and 1907-08.

		Month of September.		
		1907	1908	1909
British India.				
Bombay	pds.	18888301	16292424	18810346
	yds.	70776494	67168840	83109906
	doz.	70829	85297	67626
Madras	pds.	801718	636292	631861
	yds.	1850464	1980613	1912909
	doz.	234	1412	2034
Bengal	pds.	293756	515290	225940
	yds.	1167683	2521326	1061298
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, (also Ajmer-Merwara)	pds.	744391	792037	784080
	yds.	3074383	2990455	4946785
	doz.	4545	2855	4354
Punjab	pds.	33706	20987	36119
	yds.	85130	82145	90983
	doz.	279	443	22
Central Provinces and Berar	pds.	704985	767213	737287
	yds.	2842743	3041085	2918844
	doz.	337	306	379
Total	pds.	19285845	18030833	21448601
	yds.	79011797	77757484	93037826
	doz.	76634	90515	74665
Foreign Territory.				
Native States of Indore, Mysore, Baroda, Nandgaon, Bhavnagar, Hyderabad and Wadhwan, and Pondicherry (a)	pds.	586337	738270	858465
	yds.	2119987	2643454	2618390
Grand Total	pds.	18832192	187[illegible]9103	22299646
	yds.	81931779	80400[illegible]45	96658104
	doz.	76634	90615	74685

(a) Including the production of one mill only from April 1909.

A Cologne ammunition manufacturer has invented for the destruction of dirigible balloons, a shell which does not explode on striking the ground.

BY THE WAY.

A DISTINGUISHED INDIAN JURIST.

The "Law Journal" in noticing the appointment of Syed Ameer Ali to be a member of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, says, he is one of the most distinguished jurists India has produced. He was called to the English Bar in 1873, is the first Indian gentleman to be appointed a member of the Judicial Committee, and his great experience of the administration of the law in India, both as an advocate and as a judge, cannot fail to be of the greatest assistance to the Committee when appeals from India are being heard. The services of an acknowledged expert in Indian law have been needed by the Committee for some considerable time.

BUDDING LIBRARIANS.

The new issue of the "Library Association Record" contains a plea for a standardised examination for junior appointments in Public Libraries in England and submits some samples of results in connexion with a recent examination. The candidates had responded to an advertisement for "a well-educated youth of sixteen," and had in most cases passed the higher standard in elementary schools. Asked to explain the meaning of "Home Counties" and "Tower Hamlets" some replied as follows: If there is a Rugby match between some counties, the counties playing at home are called the Home Counties. "Home Counties stand for the counties in England. The Tower Hamlets are the cottages in the Tower of London grounds set off for the use of soldiers families." "Tower Hamlets is the name of a school in London." "Tower Hamlets is a football club."

OTHER EFFORTS.

Among other answers were the following: "1805 was the year in which the great Nelson was killed in the Battle of Waterloo." "Washington was a great general who fought in the Battle of Waterloo. Washington never fought a battle without making sure there were two ways out of the field." "Washington was formerly known as Wellington." "The Cape of Good Hope was discovered by Sir Roger de Coverley." "Columbus, while travelling round the world, discovered the Cape of Good Hope." "Richmond got its name from Richard."

REUTER'S.

The origin of a famous enterprise is recalled by the recent death of Baron George de Reuter. Some sixty years ago an elder brother of the deceased gentleman hit upon the idea of supplying foreign news in indentical terms to all the newspapers. At first Fleet Street looked askance at the project. But Reuter was not to be daunted. He arranged with correspondents in all the principal cities of the Continent, and, when the messages began to arrive, took them round to the newspaper offices and offered them for nothing, the only condition being that his name should be associated with them. "Try them," he urged, "for one month, and if they do not satisfy well, it signifies nothing." At last one paper did try them, then another, and another. Editors perceived an opportunity of reducing expenses, and raised no objections when presently Reuter broached the subject of subscription rates. Once established in Fleet-street. Reuter soon found means of extending his connexion throughout the world.

A DUPLICATE U. S. A.

The proposal that the new political system now being established in South Africa shall be called "The Union of South Africa" is objected to by the Chicago "Post" on the ground of the inconvenience it will cost to the post-offices everywhere. The natural abbreviation of this term would be "U. S. A.," which already has a definite meaning. We do not want our mail, says the Chicago paper, "to go kiting off among the veldts, kraals, and other unpleasant things of which we learned in the Boer war. Won't England please name its new foster-child South African Union, and save the rest of the world from a miscellaneous lot of bother?"

BARBEY D'AUREVILLY.

The unveiling of a bust of Barbey d'Aurevilly at his birthplace, Saint-Sauveur-le-Vicomte, is a centenary celebration which is taking place a twelvemonth late. Barbey is best known to English people as the French biographer of Beau Brummel; and the circumstances in which he first acquired an interest in dandyism are curious. It came about through his writing a series of articles for a fashion paper under the pseudonym "Maximilienne de Syrene"—a task for which he proudly apologised: "Cæsar," he said, "wrote a grammar; but Cæsar could never have condescended to write for the milliners of ancient Rome. I am doing something which Cæsar never did; but, on the other hand, Cæsar did many things which I shall never do—so that the equilibrium is restored." The time came, however, when Barbey was appreciated, though literature never made him rich.

THE NEW AUSTRALIAN COINAGE.

Sir John Forrest, the Commonwealth Treasurer, has received a cable message announcing that the King has approved the designs for the new Australian silver coinage. The obverse is to show his Majesty's head, with the usual Latin inscription; and the reverse will display the Australian coat-of-arms, with denomination and date. It is expected that these new silver coins will be in circulation early in the new year. The first issue will be a million florins, a million shillings, a million sixpences, and ten millions of threepenny-bits.

A NEW THACKERAY STORY.

The Hon. Sir E. Chandos Leigh, K.C., K.C.B., the former counsel to the Speaker of the House of Commons, in a speech, full of interesting literary reminiscences, at the opening of a free library at Rochester, near Rainhem, the other day told a Thackeray story. "I knew Thackeray pretty well," he said. "Thackeray perfectly abominated anything in the nature of flattery. I was with Thackeray one night when a man came up, and for five minutes administered to the great novelists the most fulsome flattery. When the man had gone I said to Thackeray, 'Who is that,' Thackeray replied, 'He calls himself an artist, but I think he paints as much in "outter" as he does in oils.'"

FALL OF A FAMOUS TREE.

Many will be interested to learn that the tree pleaded for in the poet Campbell's "Spare, woodman, spare the beechen tree," was blown over in a gale a few weeks ago. It stood near the front of the mansion of Mr. McCulloch, Ardwall House, Kirkoudbright. Mr. J. Nisbet, who sends the news to a contemporary, says it is quite hopeless to think of being able to prop it up again and give it a new lease of life. He suggests that whatever seed can still be collected from it should be gathered now and sown next spring, so that a new generation may be raised from the old tree, round which so many associations linger.

CREMATION IN GERMANY.

The question of cremation, we learn from the Berlin correspondent of the "Christian World," is seriously occupying the attention of the German Protestant Churches, the Catholic Church remaining strongly opposed to the practice. Only in Prussia has the Government remained firmly hostile to the introduction of cremation. In the other German States crematoria have been erected, and are becoming more and more used by the wealthier classes. The Prussian Protestant clergy, at their recent Synod, had this question under discussion. It was admitted by most of the clerical speakers that the old arguments against cremation could be no longer maintained.

MADAME CALVE.

Many stories are told of Madame Calve, one of the queens of song. She was busy writing in her hotel in New York one day when the door opened, and two little girls whom she had never seen before looked in. She greeted them cordially, and asked them what they wanted. "Oh," they replied, "we want to hear you sing. The famous prima donna put aside her work and went instantly to the piano, and sang to them some of her most popular songs, for which in opera she would have received hundreds of pounds. When she had finished she ordered cake and tea, and having regaled her little visitors to their hearts' content, sent them away delighted.

THE NATIONAL AND THEIR TELEPHONES.

According to census statistics until all Europe had only 2,310,000 telephones at the beginning of this year, the United States had 7,000,000 or fifteen times as many per capita. France has only 194,159 telephones, as compared with 334,186 for the city of New York; Austria has only 80,975 while Chicago alone has nearly as many as France or 184,922 instruments. In Great Britain the number is given as less than the aggregate for New York Chicago and Boston whose population scarcely equals that of London and the immediate suburbs."

MEN AND MATTERS.

THE KAISER AS A FASHION MAKER.

The Kaiser has broken away from a curious German custom in respect to wearing evening dress during the hours of daylight. Up till the present it has been obligatory for all civilians appearing in the presence of the Kaiser at any hour of the day to don dress suits. On the occasion of a recent function at Berlin University, the Court officials issued instructions that the male guests should not appear in dress suits but in black morning coats. The order created quite a sensation because Germans cannot accustom themselves to the idea of appearing before their monarch in any other attire than that of full evening costume. German customs in relation to evening dress are always inexplicable to Englishmen. The Germans don a dress suit to go to a funeral or a wedding to call on a Cabinet minister or to attend any other ceremonial function. Any host or hostess in Germany who issues invitations for a lunch to take place at one or two o'clock must expect the majority of the guests to come in full evening dress. The Kaiser's innovation will tend to abolish these peculiarities.

A TACTFUL TUTOR.

A delightful story is told of the young King Manuel II., who has made himself so popular over here. King Manuel does not love mathematics, and his mathematical Master, Mr. Kerautsch, often had a good deal of trouble with him before he became King. One day the young Prince lost his temper and flung his book across the room, saying, "I can't do this sum, and I'm not going to try any more." His master picked the book up, put it on the table, and said, quietly: "I told my pupil Manuel to do his sum and he has refused. I now beg the Duke of Beja to be kind enough to try it." The young Prince blushed and did the sum at once.

"FATHER OF THE PEERS."

The venerable Earl of Leicester, who will be eighty-seven in December, is "Father of the House of Lords," having sat longer than any other peer. In the second year of Queen Victoria's reign his lordship was a lad of fifteen and was born when his father was sixty-nine. Always very outspoken, he invariably makes it a practice to stand behind the gunners on the occasion of a "beat" on his estate and indulge in chilling criticisms. Rude fare, in the shape of bread and cheese, raw onions, and beer is provided, and no ceremonies are observed. Very frequently in fact the noble earl regales himself with humble provender of this kind and whilst sitting in country hedges using a labourers knife to cut up his meal he has been taken for a farm hand. A standing dish at Holkham Hall is his favorite Norfolk dumplings.

A REMARKABLE PROPHECY.

Lord Lansdowne, who has been so much in the public eye lately in connection with the Budget once had a remarkable prophecy made concerning him while he was an Oxford graduate. Jowett, his tutor at Balliol, greatly admired him, and always said that he would do great things. "There goes a man," remarked Jowett, "who is as certain to be Foreign Secretary in due time, in whichever party he chooses as to-morrow's sun is to rise." Of course, at that time Lord Lansdowne had not the least idea of filling such a distinguished post and yet in 1900, after a brilliant political career, he found himself at the head of the Foreign Office.

ENTERPRISING.

A short time ago, Lord Lansdowne told an amusing story about an advertisement, which is particularly interesting now that so much is being heard about taxing private property. "My attention was called the other day," said his lordship, "to an advertisement in which an enterprising proprietor of an hotel proclaimed to the public that his guests were entitled to free fishing in certain waters, which happened to be my private property!" After that, it was no wonder that Lord Lansdowne stated that he has "no particular prejudice in favour of advertisements."

A NOBLE DANCER.

The Earl of Aberdeen, whom the Budget brought to town this week, is best known as a serious politician, and, in London, dances have little attraction for him. Yet "His Ex" (as he is called in Ireland) dearly enjoys a dance, and although, as befits a Viceroy, he only joins in quadrilles at the State balls given in Dublin Castle, he "foots it" right merrily at the small informal dances; indeed, in an age when young men are too "blase" to dance, it is pleasant to watch Lord Aberdeen joining in a polka with the zest of the proverbial schoolboy. On one occasion a particularly attractive tune was played by the band, "His Ex," with a youthful partner, commencing with the first bars, and never pausing until the end, when, to the surprise of the guests, he called out "go on" to the musicians, and, without a minute's rest, he danced the encore from start to finish!

BUDGET PILOT IN THE PEERS.

The man with the most pronounced individuality in the peers is Lord Crewe, who is helming the Finance Bill through the Upper House. His lordship, who is in his fifty-first year, was not born with that title, nor was he the legal heir to it. A rich, generous, and unmarried uncle left him his huge fortune, and his present title came with it. Richard Monckton Milnes, who subsequently became Lord Houghton, a man of great literary capacity, was Lord Crewe's father. Lord Rosebery's daughter, Lady Margaret Primrose, is his second wife. Just after the public announcement of his engagement, his lordship evoked roars of laughter, when addressing a meeting at Liscard, Cheshire, by confessing that he was rather timorous of Primrose League ladies. For a moment he could not see the joke which his audience had been quick to perceive. When it had dawned on him, he remarked: "I think I had better not pursue the matter any further."

MISUNDERSTOOD.

The Budget has given rise to a number of good stories about Mr. Lloyd-George, a particularly good one concerning a recent banquet at which the Chancellor of the Exchequer was a guest. Sitting next to him was a young lady who listened reverently to every word that fell from her hero's lips. "Ah," she ventured at last, "you have suffered a great deal in your life from being misunderstood, have you not?" "Yes," Mr. Lloyd-George is reported to have replied, "I have suffered from being misunderstood; but I haven't suffered half as much as I would have if I had been understood."

A PROMINENT LADY FROM THE PACIFIC.

Mr. C. P. Huntington is one of the leading ladies of wealth from the Pacific Coast of the early days when her husband was a partner of the great firm of Stanford and Crocker, who built the Central Pacific Railway. By the success of the venture—for it was little else in the sixties, when it was begun—the great families of Stanford, Crocker, and Huntington were established as San Francisco magnates, sharing the top round of the financial and social ladder of the Pacific Coast with the families of Mackay, whose wealth came from the Nevada Bonanza silver mines, and Mills, whose stupendous fortune was coined from the lucky speculations and profits of the Bank of California in Frisco's flush days of the Comstock Lode. Mrs. Huntington has for some time made her home in Paris, like many other of her rich compatriots. She has lately become the owner of the beautiful house in Avenue Gabriel, at one time the residence of the Emperor Louis Napoleon and Empress Eugenie, where she is soon to take up her residence. In its gardens many rose bushes still regularly bloom which were planted by the Emperor and Empress themselves, and, during a recent passage through Paris by the Empress Eugenie, Mrs. Huntington gracefully invited her Majesty to come and view the old spot so full of tender reminiscences for her.

A MAGNIFICENT STAIRCASE.

Mrs. Huntington is the lady who shares with Mr. Pierpont Morgan the ardent desire to possess the magnificent carved staircase which graces the great hall of Dinster Castle, in Somersetshire, the historic seat since the Conquest of the two families of Mohun (pronounced Moon) and Luttrell. Both Mrs. Huntington and Mr. Pierpont Morgan are keen and able collectors of art treasures, and both possess unquestioned long purse required to enable the unstinted gratification of their taste. It is doubtful, however, if any sum offered by either would tempt the owner to part with the staircase. It is likely to remain for good and all in a castle which is among the few in England which have not at some time or other been in the market.

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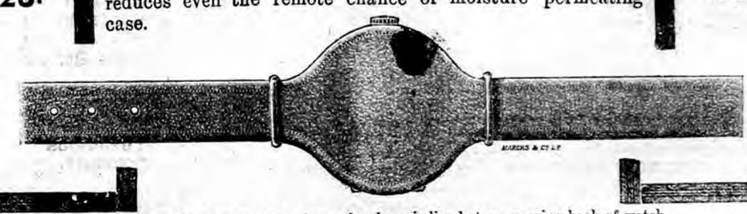


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This photographic reproduction shows the chamois lined strap crossing back of watch.

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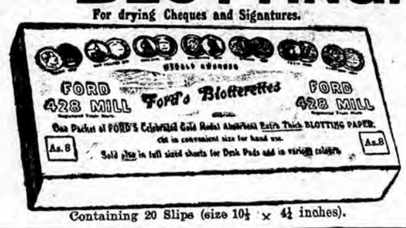
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